





E90-DTU(230SL22)

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1. Introduction

1.1 Brief introduction

E90-DTU (230SL22) is a data transceiver with military-grade LoRa modulation technology. With multiple transmission modes, it works in the (220.125~236.125MHz) frequency band (default 230.125MHz). The transceiver provides transparent RS232/RS485 interface and supports 8~. 28V voltage input. LoRa direct-sequence spread spectrum technology will bring longer communication distances, and has the advantages of concentrated power density and strong anti-interference ability. It features a software FEC forward error correction algorithm, which has high coding efficiency and strong error correction capability. In the case of sudden interference, it can proactively correct the interfered data packets, greatly improving reliability and transmission distance. In the absence of FEC, such packets can only be discarded. It has data encryption. The data transmitted by the transceiver over the air is random, and the data interception is meaningless through strict encryption and decryption algorithms. Packet length setting is available to support different real-time and data packets.

It works in the ISM 230MHz band with a communication distance of up to 5km. As a communication medium, wireless data transceiver has the same scope as optical fiber, microwave and bright line: it provides real-time and reliable data transmission of monitoring signals in private networks under certain special conditions, with low cost, installation and maintenance. It is convenient, has strong diffraction ability, flexible networking structure and long coverage. It is suitable for occasions with many points and scattered, complex geographical environment, etc. It can be connected with PLC, RTU, rain gauge, liquid level meter and other data terminals.

Certificate 1.1.

E90-DTU is certified with CMIIT ID:2017FP5780 by SRRC.

E90-DTU is certified with "Certificate of conformity on explosive application protection", ID: 201711000975.

E90-DTU is certified with "Electrostatic surge test report" by National Institute of Measurement and Testing Technology, ID:

CNEx18.1461.

E90-DTU is certified with "Certificate of Design Patent", Patent Number : ZL 2016 3 0501980.3.

E90-DTUis certified with "Utility model patent certificate", Patent Number : ZL 2016 2 1410691.3.

E90-DTU is certified with "CE", ID : CCISE180514601V.

E90-DTU is certified with "FCC", ID : 2ALPH-E90-DTU.

E90-DTU is certified with "RoHS", ID : DTI201807025245.

Features 1.2.

- All core components are imported, featuring the most advanced functions, the smallest volume and the best price.
- Using military-grade LoRa modulation technology, with data encryption, the packet length is available for configuration. *
- Large single package, single package is up to 240 bytes, adapt to Modbus. *

- ★ Simple and efficient power supply design, support power adapter or crimping mode, support 8~28V power supply.
- ★ Transmit power is up to 1W, multi-level adjustable, with all technical indicators meeting European industrial standards.
- ★ Support LBT function, the transceiver automatically waits to send data according to the current ambient noise intensity. The communication success rate of the module in harsh environments is greatly improved.
- ★ Remotely configure or read wireless module parameters by sending command packets wirelessly.

 \star Multi-level relay networking can be realized, which effectively extends communication distance for ultra-long-distance communication.

 \star With temperature compensation circuit, the frequency stability is better than ± 1.5 PPM.

★ Operating temperature range: -40 ° C ~ +85 ° C, to adapt to a variety of harsh working environment.

 \star All-aluminum alloy casing, compact size, easy installation and good heat dissipation; perfect shielding design, with good electromagnetic compatibility and strong anti-interference ability.

 \star Multiple protection functions such as power reverse connection protection, over-current protection, and antenna surge protection greatly increase the reliability of the device.

★ Powerful software functions, all parameters can be programmed: such as power, frequency, air data rate, address ID, etc.

★ Ultra-low power consumption, the standby current is only 10mA (lower than power consumption in power-saving mode and sleep mode), and the transmitting current is ≤ 0.1 A.

 \star with built-in watchdog and precise time layout, once an exception occurs, the transceiver will automatically restart, and continue to work according to the previous parameters.

2. Quick Start

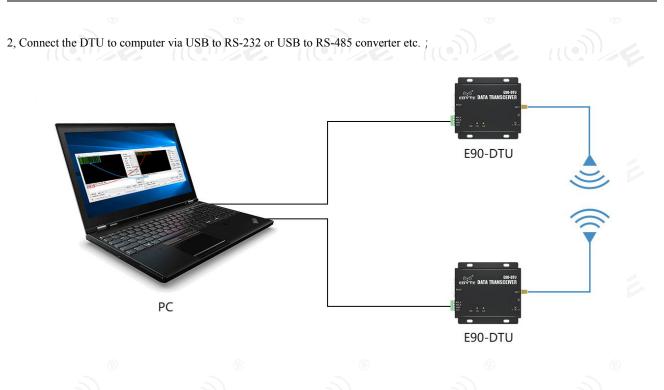
You need to prepare items below,



1, First install the antenna for device, then install the power supply, and ensure that the dial switch is in the correct state. The user can select the crimping method or the power adapter to supply power according to the requirements.



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3, Start two serial port debugging assistants, select the baud rate 9600bps, check mode as 8N1 to realize transparent transmission ;

XCOM V2.6		XCOM V2.6	
[2021-01-27 12:00:42.006] EX: ebyte test	Port COM4:USB-SERIAL CH34C -	[2021-01-27 12:00:40.966] TX: abyte test	Port COM3:USB-SERIAL CH34C -
[2021-01-27 12:00:43.614] XX: ebyte test	Baud rate 9600 - Stop bits 1 -	[2021-01-27 12:00:42.574] III: ebyte test	Baud rate 9600 - Stop bits 1 -
[2021-01-27 12:00:45.157] XX: ebyte test	Data bits 8 💌	[2021-01-27 12:00:44.126] TX: ebyte test	Data bits 8
	Parity None		Parity None • Operation 🛞 Close
	Save Data Clear Data		Save Data Clear Data
	● Hex ● DTR ● RTS ● 自动保存 ● TimeStamp 1000 ms		● Hex ● DTR ● RTS ● 自动保存 ▼ TimeStamp 1000 ms
Single Send Multi Send Protocol Transmit Help	Turce carbo 1000 BS	Single Send Multi Send Protocol Transmit Help	Timebrany 1000 Mg
ebyte test	* Send	ebyte test	* Send
	- Clear Send		- Clear Send
Tining Cycle:1000 ms	File Send File Stop Send	Tining Cycle: 1000 ms Open Fi	ile Send File Stop Send
■ Hex Send V Wordwrap 0% 【火火	最全网】正点原子DS100手持示波器上市	□ Hex Send	网】正点原子DS100手持示波器上市
🔹 - www.openedv.com S:0 R:36 CI	TS=0 DSR=0 DCD=0	🔆 - www.openedv.com S:36 R:0 CT	S=0 DSR=0 DCD=0

4. If customer needs to modify the parameters, please dial the switch in the configuration mode and connect to the computer. Open the E90-DTU SL configuration software, you can modify the relevant parameters. After completing the configuration, you must restore the DIP switch status for communication.

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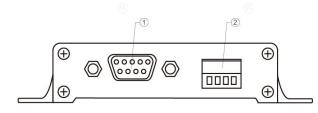


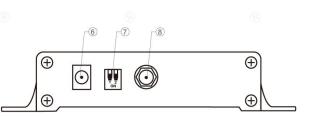
Mode 0 Factory default

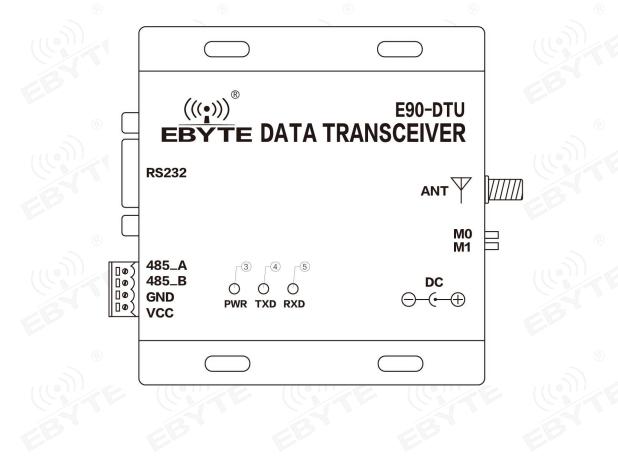
Mode 2 Parameter configuratio

3. Dimensions

3.1. Parts description



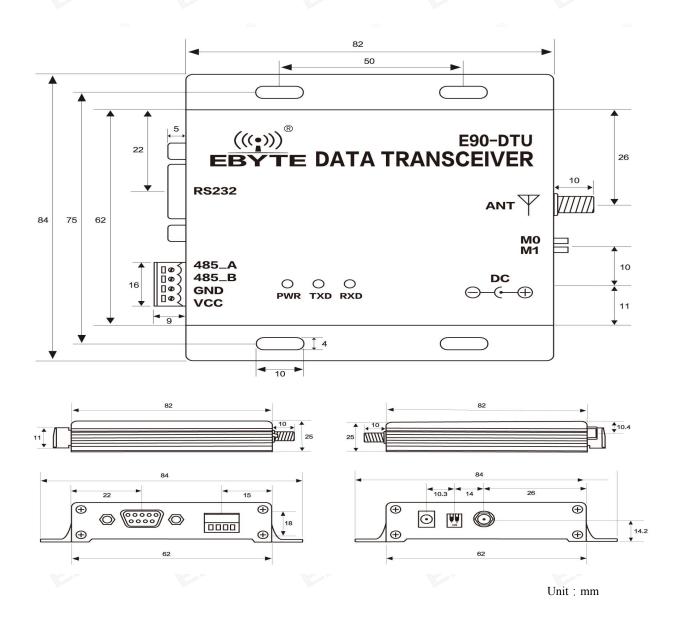




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No.	Name	Function	Note
1	DB-9 female socket	RS-232 interface	Standard RS-232 interface
2	3.81 terminal block	RS-485, power interface	Standard RS-485 interface and pressure line power interface
3	PWR-LED Power LED Red, lit when the power is o		\otimes Red, lit when the power is on \otimes
4	TXD-LED	Transmit LED	Yellow, blinks when sending data
5	RXD-LED	Receive LED	Yellow, blinks when receiving data
6	DC power interface	Power interface	In-line round hole, outer diameter 5.5mm, diameter 2.5mm
7	DIP switch	DIP switch	Controlled by working mode
8	Antenna interface	SMA-K interface	external thread, 10mm, 50Ωcharacteristic impedance

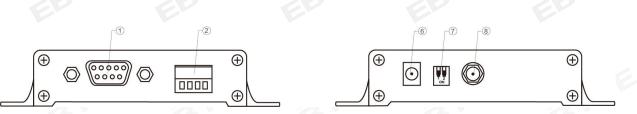
3.2. Dimensions



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4. Interface definition

4.1. Power interface



Users can choose ⁽⁶⁾ DC power interface, using the power adapter supply with the interface of the 5.5mm outer diameter , 2.5mm diameter ;

Also users can choose the VCC and GND terminal power supply from 2, both are optional;

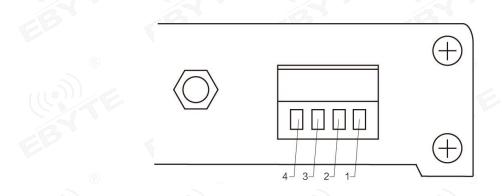
8 ~ 28V DC power supply, it is recommended to use 12V or 24V DC power supply for E90-DTU.

4.2. RS232

The E90-DTU can be connected to the device via RS-232 using the standard DB-9 interface.

4.3. RS485

E90-DTU can be connected to the 485_A terminal and 485_B terminal from ② with the RS-485 A terminal and B terminal of other device respectively.



Pin NO.	Definition	Definition Function Description			
1	VCC	Crimping power interface, positive	$8 \sim 28$ V DC, recommended 12V or 24V		
2	GND	Crimping power interface, negative	The power supply negative pole is connected to the system ground and the housing		
3	485_B	RS-485 interface, interface B	The RS-485 interface B is connected to the device interface B		
4	485_A	RS-485 interface, interface A	The RS-485 interface A is connected to the device interface A		

★ Note: The transceiver will be in poor communication when connected to multiple devices, it is recommended to be connected to a single device, please try to use parallel 120Ω resistor between 485_A terminal and 485_B.

5. Technical specification

5.1. Model specification

MadalNia	Frequency	TX power	wer Distance Features		December ded angliection
Model No.	Hz	mW	km	Features	Recommended application
E90-DTU(230SL22)	230.125M	160	5	LoRa, anti-interference	Suitable for transmission of fast speed in complex environment with data interference over a long distance

Note: Test condition: in clear and open air without shelters, 12V /2A power supply, 5dBi gain sucker antenna over 2 meters height from the ground, with the factory default parameters.

5.2. General specification parameter

No.	Item	Value	Note		
1	Size	82 * 62 * 25 mm	See more in 3.2. Dimensions		
2	Weight	130g	±4.5 g		
3	Temperature	-40°C ~ 85°C	Meet industrial request		
4	Antenna impedance	50 Ω	Standard 50 Ω characteristic impedance		
5	Supply voltage	+8~+28V DC	It is recommended to use 12V or 24V		
6	Communication interface	RS232/RS485	Standard DB9 hole / 3.81 terminal block		
7	Baud rate	Default 9600	From 1200~115200		
8	Address	Default 0	65536 configurable address		

5.3. Frequency and channel numbers

Model No.	Default Frequency	Frequency Range	Channel Interval	Channel numbers
Model No.	Hz	Hz	Hz	Channel numbers
E90-DTU(230SL22)	230.125M	220.125~236.125MHz	250k	65, half duplex

 \star Note: In the same area when multiple data transceivers are communicating one to one at the same time, it is recommended to set the channel spacing between each group of data transceivers at 2MHz or more.

5.4. Transmitting power

Model No.	22dBm	17dBm	13dBm	10dBm
E90-DTU(230SL22)	B V	BV	EBV	ΡV

 \star Note: The lower the transmit power, the closer the transmission distance, but the working current won't be declined in exact proportion, it is recommended to use the maximum transmit power.

5.5. Air data rate

Madal	Default		Air data rate (bps)	
Model	bps	Levels	bps	
E90-DTU(230SL22)	2.4k	7	0.3、0.6, 1.2、2.4、4.8、9.6、15.6k	

 \star Note: The higher the air data rate, the faster the transmission rate, the transmission distance is also closer; when the rate meets the requirements, the lower air data rate, the better quality.

5.6. Current

Model	TX curi	rent mA	Standby c	urrent mA
	12V	24V	12V	24V
E90-DTU(230SL22)	46	26	11	7

 \bigstar Note: It is recommended to retain more than 50% of the current margin when selecting the power supply, which will help the data transceiver to work steadily for a long time.

5.7. TX and RX FIFO and sub-packing method

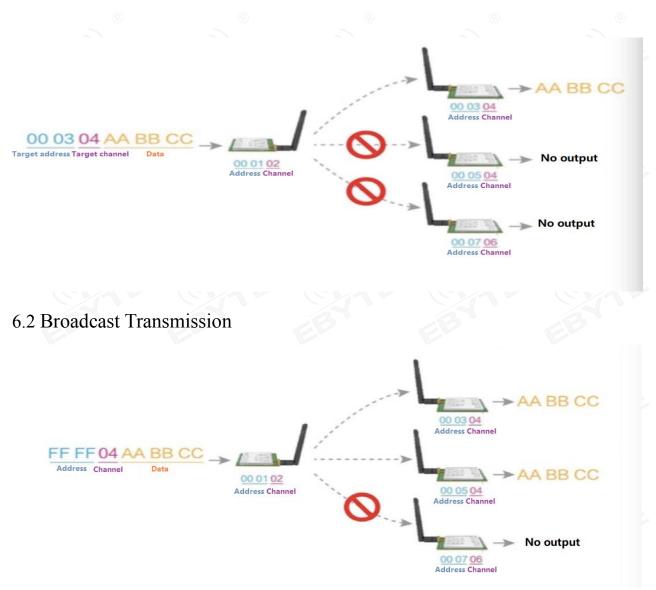
Model No.	Buffer	Sub-packing method
E90-DTU(230SL22)	1000 bytes	Can be sub-packed to 32/64/128/240 byte each time via command
0	Q	

 \bigstar Note:1. When the receiving data is more than a single packet capacity, the beyond part will be automatically assigned to the second transmission until it is completed;

2. The data transceiver can not receive data which is more than the buffer capacity;

6. Function Description

6.1. Fixed Transmission



6.3 Broadcast Address

- For example: Set the address of module A as 0xFFFF and channel as 0x04;
- When module A is the transmitter (same mode, transparent transmission), all modules under channel 0x04 will receive the data, the purpose of broadcast is realized.

6.4 Monitor Address

- For example: Set the address of module A as 0xFFFF and channel as 0x04;
- When module A is the receiver, it can receive the data sent from all modules under channel 0x04. The purpose of monitor is realized.

7. Operating mode

There are four operating modes, if low power consumption is not required, for normal communication it is recommended to configure the data transceiver to the normal mode (mode 0);

	Categories	M1	M0	Notes
Mode 0	Normal Mode	ON	ON	Open UART Comm port and RF, transparent transmission is on, configuration over air via special command is available.
Mode 1	WOR Mode	ON	OFF	Can be defined as WOR transmitter and WOR receiver, WOR is available.
Mode 2	Configuration Mode	OFF®	ON	Users access the register through the serial port to control the working state of the device. The DTU can be configured through the configuration software on computer.
Mode 3	Sleep Mode	OFF	OFF	DTU is in sleep mode.

The factory default is normal mode (mode 0).



Mode 0



Mode 1



Mode 2



Mode 3

Note: WOR(mode 1) and sleep mode(mode 3) are for low power consumption. If users do not require low power, then it is OK to use mode 0 and mode2 only.

7.1. Normal mode (mode 0)

l	TE CITE CITE		
	M0 = ON, $M1 = ON$, device works in Mode 0		
Transmitting	Users send data via UART. The device will start wireless transmission.		0
Receiving	Wireless receiving is enabled, data received will be output via pin TXI).	

7.2. WOR mode (mode 1)

	M0 = OFF, $M1 = ON$, device works in Mode 1	
Transmitting	As a transmitter, a certain preamble code will be added before each transmission.	6
Receiving	Wireless receiving is enabled, its function is same as Mode 0.	

7.3. Configuration mode (mode 2)

	M0 = ON, $M1 = OFF$, device wor	ks in Mode 2		
Transmitting	Wireless transmission is off.	EBY	EBY	EBY
Receiving	Wireless receiving is off.	3	8	3
Configuration	Users can visit register to configure the	he working status.	CORE	GITE

7.4. Sleep mode (mode 3)

	M0 = OFF, M1 = OFF, device works i	n Mode 3		
Transmitting	Wireless transmission is unavailable.	Eb	EP	Eb
Receiving	Wireless receiving is unavailable.			
Note	When entering other modes from the sleep remains low level; After the configuration, it outputs high leve	0		

8. Register read and write control

8.1. Command format

In configuration mode (mode 2 : M1=OFF, M0=ON), supported commands are as follows (only 9600, 8N1 are available) :

NO	Command format	Description
1	Configure register	command : C0+start address+length+parameter Reply : C1+start address+length+parameter Example 1 : set channel as 0x09 command start address command start address length parameter Transmit : C0 05 01 09 Return : C1 05 01 Example 2 : set module address (0x1234),network address (0x00),UART(9600 8N1),air data rate(1.2K) Transmit : C0 00 04 Return : C1 00 04
2	Read register	Command : C1+start address+length Reply : C1+start address+length+parameter Example 1: read channel command start address length parameter Transmit : C1 05 01 Return : C1 05 01 09 Example 2: read module address, network address, UART and air data rate Transmit : C1 00 04 Return : C1 00 04 12 34 00 61
3	Configure temporary register	Command : C2 +start address+length+parameter Reply : C1 +start address+length+parameter Example 1 : Set channel as 0x09 command start address length parameter Transmit : C2 05 01 09 Return : C1 05 01 09 Example 2 : set module address (0x1234) , network address (0x00), UART (9600 8N1), air data rate (1.2K) Transmit : C2 00 412 34 00 61
5	Wireless configuration	Command : CF CF + general command Reply : CF CF + general response Example 1 : set channel as 0x09 wireless command head command start address length parameter Transmit : CF CF C0 05 01 09 Return : CF CF C1 05 01 09 Example 2 : set module address (0x1234) , network address(0x00), UART(9600 8N1), air data rate(1.2K)
	20.0	Transmit : CF CF C0 00 04 12 34 00 61 Return : CF CF C1 00 04 12 34 00 61

8.2. Register description

Address	Read/W rite	Name	Description	Remark		
00H	Read/W rite	ADDH	ADDH (Default 0)	• High and low byte of the module address. Note : When the module address is FFFF, in		
01H	Read/W rite ADDL		ADDL (Default 0)	can be used as the broadcast and mon address, that is the module will not perfo address filtering.		
02H	Read/W rite	NETID	NETID (Default 0)	 Network address, used to distinguish the network. When communicating with each other, they should be set to the same. 		
	EB B	N) TE	7, 6, 5 UART baud rate (bps) 000 : baud rate is 1200 001 : baud rate is 2400 010 : baud rate is 4800 011 : baud rate is 9600 (Default) 100 : baud rate is 19200 101 : baud rate is 38400 110 : baud rate is 57600 111 : baud rate is 115200	 For the two modules that communicate with each other, the serial port baud rate can be different, and the verification method can also be different. When transmitting large packets continuously, users need to consider the data blocking caused by the same baud rate, and data may even be lost. It is generally recommended that both parties have the same baud rate. 		
03H	Read/W rite	REG0	4, 3 : UART parity bit 00 : 8N1 (Default) 01 : 8O1 10 : 8E1 11 : 8N1 (same as 00)	 It should be the same for both communication parities . The higher the rate, the shorter the distance. 		
	U.C.		2, 1, 0, air data rate 000 : air data rate is 0.3k 001 : air data rate is 1.2k 010 : air data rate is 2.4k (Default) 011 : air data rate is 2.4k (Default) 011 : air data rate is 9.6k 100 : air data rate is 19.2k 110 : air data rate is 38.4k 111 : air data rate is 62.5k			
	(le)	TE	7, 6: sub-packing setting 00: 240byte (Default) 01: 128byte 10: 64byte 11: 32byte	• When the data is smaller than the sub packet length, the serial output of the receiving end is an uninterrupted continuous output. When the data is larger than the sub packet length, the receiving end serial port will output the sub packet.		
04H	Read/W rite	REG1	5 : enable RSSI environmental noise 1 : on 0 : off (Default)	 When enabled, the C0 C1 C2 C3 command can be sent in the transmitting mode or WOR transmitting mode to read the register. Register 0x00: Current ambient noise rssi Register 0X01: rssi when the data was received last time. (Current channel noise is: dBm =-RSSI/2) 		
			 4, 3, 2 remain	Command format: C0 C1 C2 C3 + startin address + read length Returns: C1 + address address + read length + rea valid value E.g: send C0 C1 C2 C3 00 01 Return C1 00 01 rssi		

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	(U)	DE	00 : 22dbm (Default) 01 : 17dbm 10 : 13dbm 11 : 10dbm	 Power and current are nonlinear, and power efficiency is highest at maximum power. The current does not decrease in proportion to the decrease in power.
05H	Read/W rite	REG2	Channel (CH) 0-83 stands for 84 channel respectively	• Actual frequency= 410.125 + CH *1M
06Н	Read/W rite	REG3	 7 enable RSSI byte i on oi off (Default) 6, fixed transmission i fixed transmission i fixed transmission i transparent transmission (Default) 5 enable repeater on off 4 enable LBT (listen before transmit) off (Default) 4 enable LBT (listen before transmit) off (Default) 3 WOR TX and RX control WOR transmitter WOR transmitter WOR transmitting date. Data receiving is on. WOR receiver (Default) Transmission is unavailable. Module works in WOR monitoring, (see details about WOR time below) to save power. 2, 1, 0, WOR time 000 : 500ms 011 : 2000ms (Default) 100 : 2500ms 101 : 300ms 111 : 4000ms 	 When enabled, the module receives wireless data and it will follow an RSSI strength byte after output via the serial port TXD
07H	Write	CRYPT_H	key high byte (Default 0)	 Write only, read and return 0. Used for user encryption to avoid intercepting airborne wireless data by similar
08H	Write	CRYPT_L	key low byte (Default 0)	 modules. The module will internally use these two bytes as a calculation factor to transform and encrypt the over-the-air wireless signal.



E90-DTU	SL User	Manual
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86H only 3 1		80H~ 86H	Read only	PID	7 bytes of product information	• product information: 7 bytes
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8.3. Factory default parameter

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			Default pa	rameter: 62 00 00	00 00 00		
Model NO.	Frequency	Address	Channel	Air data rate	Baud rate	Parity bit	TX power
E90-DTU(230SL22)	230MHz	0x0000	0x28	2.4kbps	9600	8N1	160mW

9. Repeater networking mode

No.	Description
1	After setting the repeater mode by configuration, switch to the normal mode and the repeater starts working.
2	In the repeater mode, ADDH, ADDL are no longer used as the module address, but is correspondingly paired with the NETID. If the dat of one of the networks is received, it is forwarded to another network. The network ID of the repeater itself is invalid.
3	In repeater mode, the repeater module cannot transmit and receive data, and cannot perform low-power operation.
4	The user enters the other mode from mode 3 (sleep mode) or during the reset process, the module resets the user parameters during which the AUX outputs low level.

Repeater networking rules:

1. Forwarding rules, the repeater can forward data in both directions between two NETIDs.

2. In repeater mode, ADDH\ADDL is no longer used as the module address, and it is used as a NETID forwarding pairing flag.

Figure:

1 Primary repeater

"Node 1" NETID is 08.

"Node 2" NETID is 33.

Primary repeater 1's 'ADDH\ADDL are 08, 33.

So the signal sent by node 1 (08) can be forwarded to node 2 (33)

At the same time, node 1 and node 2 have the same address, so the data transmitted by node 1 can be received by node 2.

② Secondary repeater

Secondary repeater's ADDH\ADDL are 33, 05.

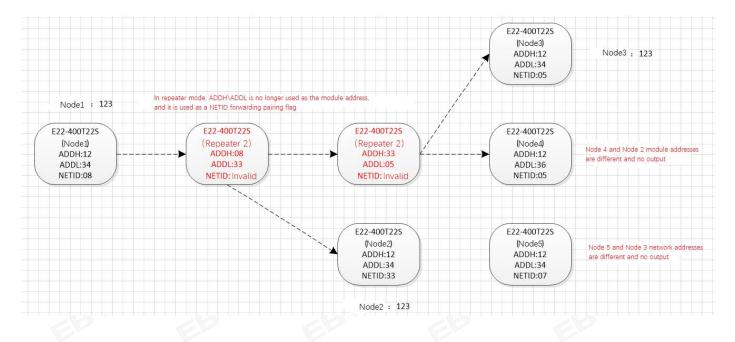
Therefore, Repeater 2 can forward the data of Repeater 1 to the network NETID: 05.

Thus node 3 and node 4 can receive node 1 data. Node 4 outputs data normally, and node 3 has a different address than node 1, so no data is output.

③ Two-way repeater

As shown in the figure: the data sent by node 1, the nodes 2, 4 can receive the data sent by node 2, 4, and node 1 can also receive it.

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10. Configuration instructions on computer

• The following figure shows the E90-DTU SL configuration interface on computer, users can switch to the command mode through M0M1, and quickly configure and read the parameters on computer.

(((•)))	成都4	乙佰特电子	科技有	限公司	中文
EBYTE	Chengdu	Ebyte Electroni	c Technolo	gy Co.,Ltd.	English
1			COM3 -	OpenPort	Models
			GetParam	SetParam	Preset
-					
UartRate	Ŧ	FEC	*	Address	
Parity	Ŧ	Fixed mode	*	Channel	
AirRate	*	WOR timing	*		
Power	-	IO mode	-		

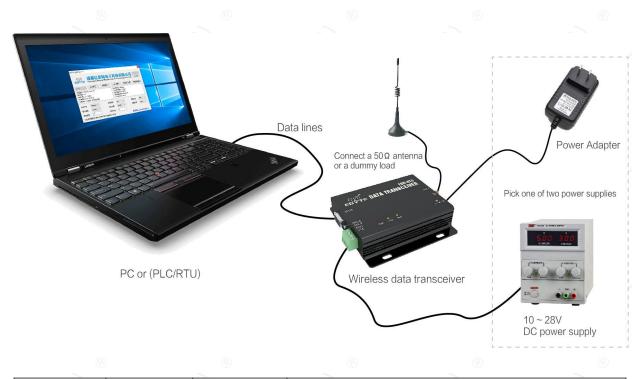
In the configuration on computer, the module address, frequency channel, network ID, and key are all in decimal mode. The range of values of each parameter is:

Network address: 0-65535		
Frequency channel: 0-83		
Network ID: 0-255		
Key: 0-65535		

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- When the user configures the repeater mode using the host computer, special attention must be paid. Since the parameters are in decimal mode in the host computer, the module address and network ID need to be converted into hexadecimal. For example, if the network ID input by the transmitting end A is 02, and the network ID input by the receiving end B is 10, when the repeater end R sets the module address, the hexadecimal value 0X020A is converted into the decimal value 522 as the repeater end R. Module address. That is, the module address value of the repeater terminal R is 522 at this time.

11. Programming the modem

11.1. Connection diagram

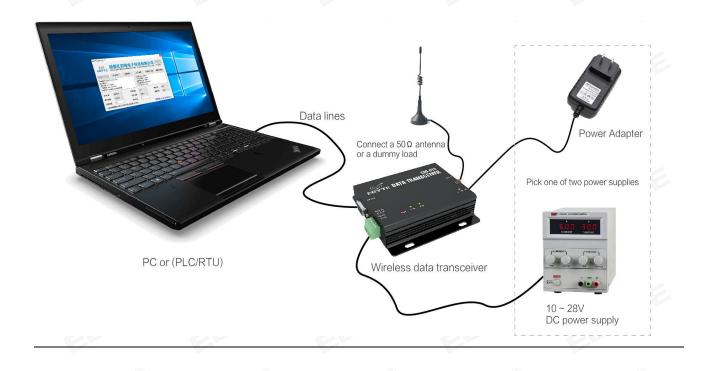


Operating mode	M1	M0	Note
Configuration mode	OFF	ON	Programming via the configuration software is available only in this mode



- 1, When programming, please check whether the device is in correct operating mode as shown above.
- 2, Users can modify parameters via E90-DTU SL configuration software.

2. Connection diagram in test and practical application



12. E90-DTU

Model No.	Interface	Frequency Hz	TX Power dBm	Distance km	Features
E90-DTU(230SL22)	RS232 RS485	230M	22	5	Low frequency LoRa, ultra strong diffraction ability for complex environment
E90-DTU(230SL30)	RS232 RS485	230M	30	10	Low frequency LoRa, ultra strong diffraction ability for complex environment
E90-DTU(400SL22)	RS232 RS485	433M\470M	22	5	LoRa,wireless configuration, networking transmission, long distance, anti-inference
E90-DTU(400SL30)	RS232	433M\470M	30	10	LoRa, wireless configuration, networking transmission,

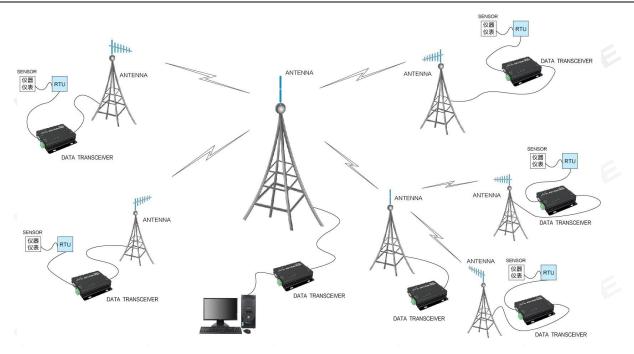
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	© RS485	Ø		0	long distance, anti-inference
E00 DTL (000SL 22)	RS232	868M\915M	22	5	LoRa, wireless configuration, networking transmission,
E90-DTU(900SL22)	RS485	000101 (71 5101			long distance, anti-inference
E90-DTU(900SL30)	RS232	868M\915M	30	10	LoRa, wireless configuration, networking transmission,
<u>E90-D10(9008L30)</u>	RS485				long distance, anti-inference
E00 DTU(1701 30)	RS232	170M	30	8	LoRa, strong diffraction ability
E90-DTU(170L30)	RS485				
F00 DTU(4221 20)	RS232	433M	30	8	LoRa, long distance, anti-inference
<u>E90-DTU(433L30)</u>	RS485	433M			
E_{00} DTU(422127)	RS232	1223.4	37	20	LoRa, 20km ultra long distance, anti-inference
<u>E90-DTU(433L37)</u>	RS485	433M			
E90-DTU(433C30)	® RS232	433M	30	3	High-speed continuous transmission, ModBus protocol
<u>E90-D10(455C50)</u>	RS485	455111		M ³	
E90-DTU(433C33)	RS232	433M	33	4	High-speed continuous transmission, ModBus protocol
<u>E90-D10(455C55)</u>	RS485				
E00 DTU (422C27)	RS232	433M	37	10	High-speed continuous transmission, ModBus protocol,
<u>E90-DTU (433C37)</u>	RS485				long distance
E00 DTU(220N27)	RS232	230M	27	5	Low frequency narrow band, for complex environment
<u>E90-DTU(230N27)</u>	RS485				
E_{00} DTU(220N22)	RS232	230M	33	8	Low frequency narrow band, for complex environment
<u>E90-DTU(230N33)</u>	RS485				
E00 DTU(220N27)	RS232	230M	37	15	Low frequency narrow band, for complex environment, strong diffraction ability
<u>E90-DTU(230N37)</u>	® RS485				

13. Application field

The data transceiver of CDEBYTE is applied for all kinds of point to point, one point to multiple points wireless data transmission system, such as smart home, Internet of things transformation, power load monitoring, distribution network automation, hydrological and hydrological forecasting, water pipe network monitoring, urban street lamps Monitoring, air defense alarm control, railway signal monitoring, centralized control of railway water supply, oil supply pipe network monitoring, GPS system, remote meter reading, electronic crane, automatic reporting, seismic forecasting, fire prevention, environmental monitoring and other industrial automation system, as shown below:



14. Operation notes

1. The device may not be operated in the vicinity of some flammable places (such as coal mines) or explosive dangerous objects (such as detonators for detonators).

2. Appropriate DC stabilized power supply should be selected, which requires strong anti-high frequency interference, small ripple, and sufficient load capacity; it also has functions such as overcurrent, overvoltage protection and lightning protection to ensure data transmission.

3. Do not use it in a working environment that exceeds the environmental characteristics of data transceiver, such as high temperature, humidity, low temperature, strong electromagnetic field or dusty environment.

4. Do not let the data transceiver continuously be in full-load transmission state, otherwise the transmitter may be burned out.

5. The ground wire of the data transceiver should be well connected with that of the external equipment (such as PC, PLC, etc.) and of the power supply. Otherwise, it is easy to burn the communication interface; do not plug or unplug the serial port when electrified.

6. When testing the data transceiver, it must be connected with a matching antenna or a 50Ω dummy load, otherwise it will easily damage the transmitter; if the antenna is connected, the distance of the human body from the antenna should preferably exceed 2 meters to avoid injury and cut. Do not touch the antenna while launching.

7. Wireless modem often have different communication distances in different environments. The communication distance is often affected by temperature, humidity, obstacle density, obstacle volume, and electromagnetic environment. In order to ensure stable communication, it is recommended to reserve 50. Communication distance margin above %.

8. If the measured communication distance is not ideal, it is recommended to check the antenna quality and the installation method of the antenna. You can also contact support@cdebyte.com for assistance.

9. Power supply is required to remain 50% of current, it should be noted that the ripple should not exceed 100mV.

10. Wireless communication products need to be connected with an impedance matching antenna to work properly, even for short-term testing.

15. About us

Technical support: support@cdebyte.com

Documents and RF Setting download link: www.cdebyte.com/en/

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