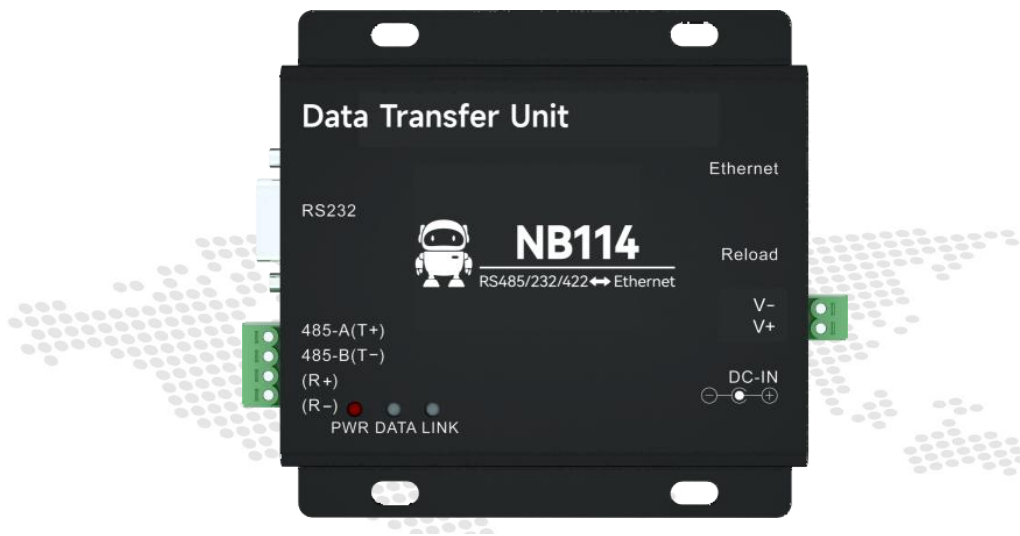




Chengdu Ebyte Electronic Technology Co.,Ltd

# Wireless Modem

## User Manual



## Serial Port Ethernet Serial Server NB114

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# 1. Introduction

NB114 is a serial port server that converts serial port data to Ethernet data; It has multiple Modbus gateway modes and MQTT/HTTPC Internet of Things gateway modes, which can meet the networking functions of various serial port devices/PLCs; Adopt industrial design standards to ensure equipment reliability; The product comes with RJ45 network port and 4 × 3.81mm Phoenix terminal and DB9 data interface; Support multiple serial port protocols (RS422/RS485/RS232); Install with locating holes.



## Features

- RJ45 supports 10M Ethernet interface;
- Support multiple working modes (TCP Server, TCP Client, UDP Server, UDP Client, HTTPC, MQTT);
- Support configuration tools, web pages and AT commands;
- The server mode supports multiple socket connections;
- Support multiple serial port protocols (RS485, RS422, RS232);
- Support multiple baud rates;
- Support DHCP function;
- DNS (domain name resolution) is supported, and the domain name resolution server can be customized;
- Support multiple Modbus gateways (simple protocol conversion, multi-host mode, storage gateway, configurable gateway);
- Support fast access to Alibaba Cloud, Baidu Cloud, OneNET, Huawei Cloud, and version 3.1 standard MQTT servers;
- Support HTTP protocol (GET/POST request);
- Support virtual serial port;
- Support timeout restart function and customize the restart time;
- Support the short connection function and customize the short connection interval;
- Support heartbeat package and registration package functions;
- Support serial port cache cleaning function;

- Support access to the Internet and LAN;
- Support hardware restoration to factory settings;
- Support online upgrade function.






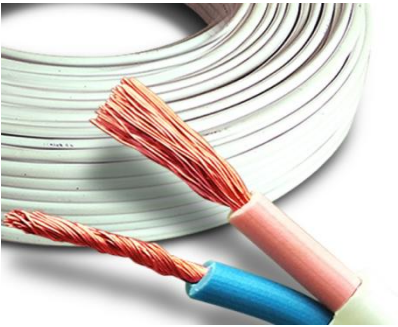
## 2. Quick Start

If there is a problem in the use process, click the official website

link:<https://www.ebyte.com/product-class.aspx>

### 2.1. Preparation for use

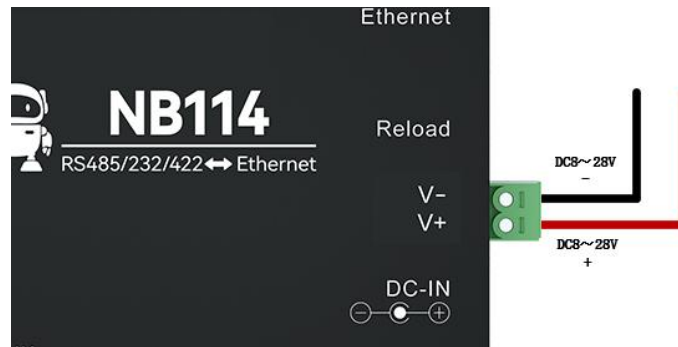
Before using the serial server (hereinafter referred to as the "device"), it is necessary to prepare the network cable, computer, USB to serial converter and other relevant auxiliary materials. The details are as follows:

		
<p>NB114</p>	<p>Network cable</p>	<p>computer</p>
		
<p>DC 12V switch power supply</p>	<p>USB to RS485</p>	<p>Several cables</p>

[Note] This case uses RS485 interface for demonstration;

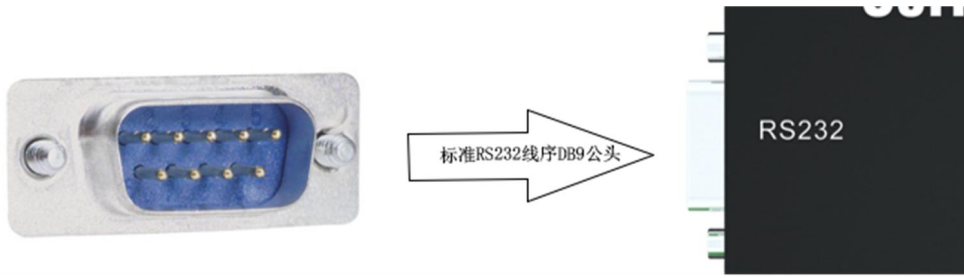
### 2.2. Equipment wiring

Power wiring (DC 8~28V):

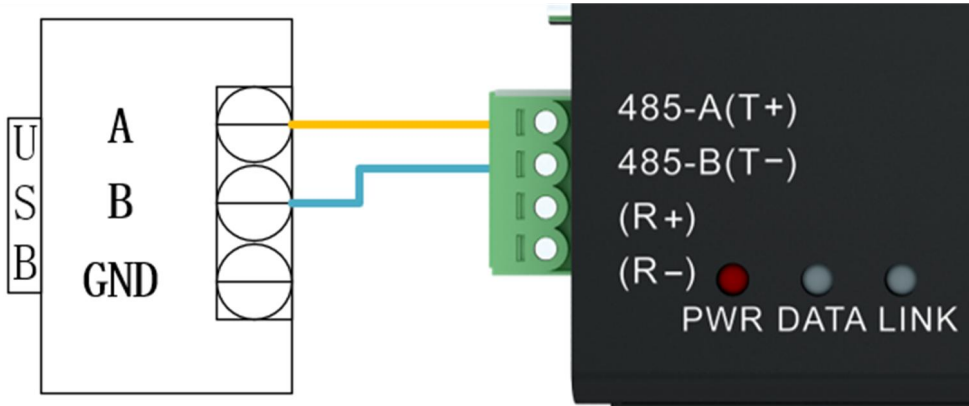


Serial port and network port and wiring:

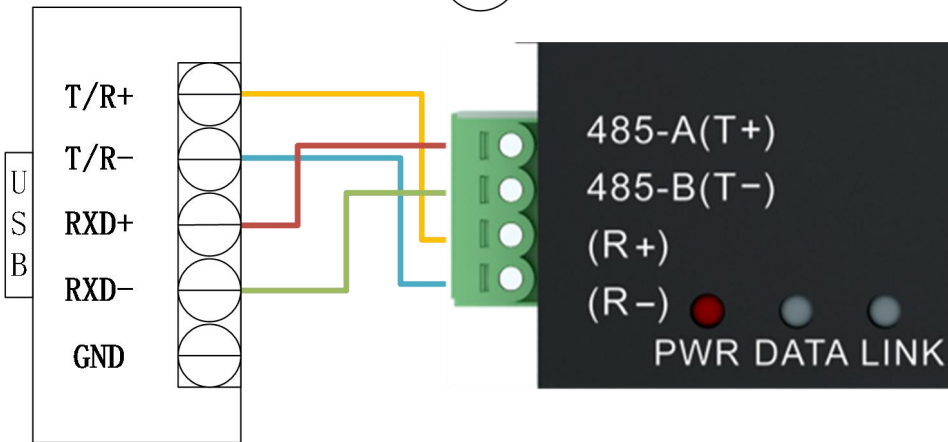
- 1、 The standard 10M RJ45 network interface is adopted. After the correct connection, the orange indicator light of the equipment network interface is always on and the green indicator light is flashing;
- 2、 Use standard RS485 interface (4 × 3.81mm Phoenix terminal), device 485-A is connected to A of USB to RS485 converter, and device 485-B is connected to B of USB to RS485 converter (please use standard RS485 twisted-pair cable for a long distance, otherwise normal communication may not be possible due to excessive environmental interference);



OR



OR



[Note] Do not use RS485, RS422 and RS232 interfaces at the same time, which may affect data transmission.

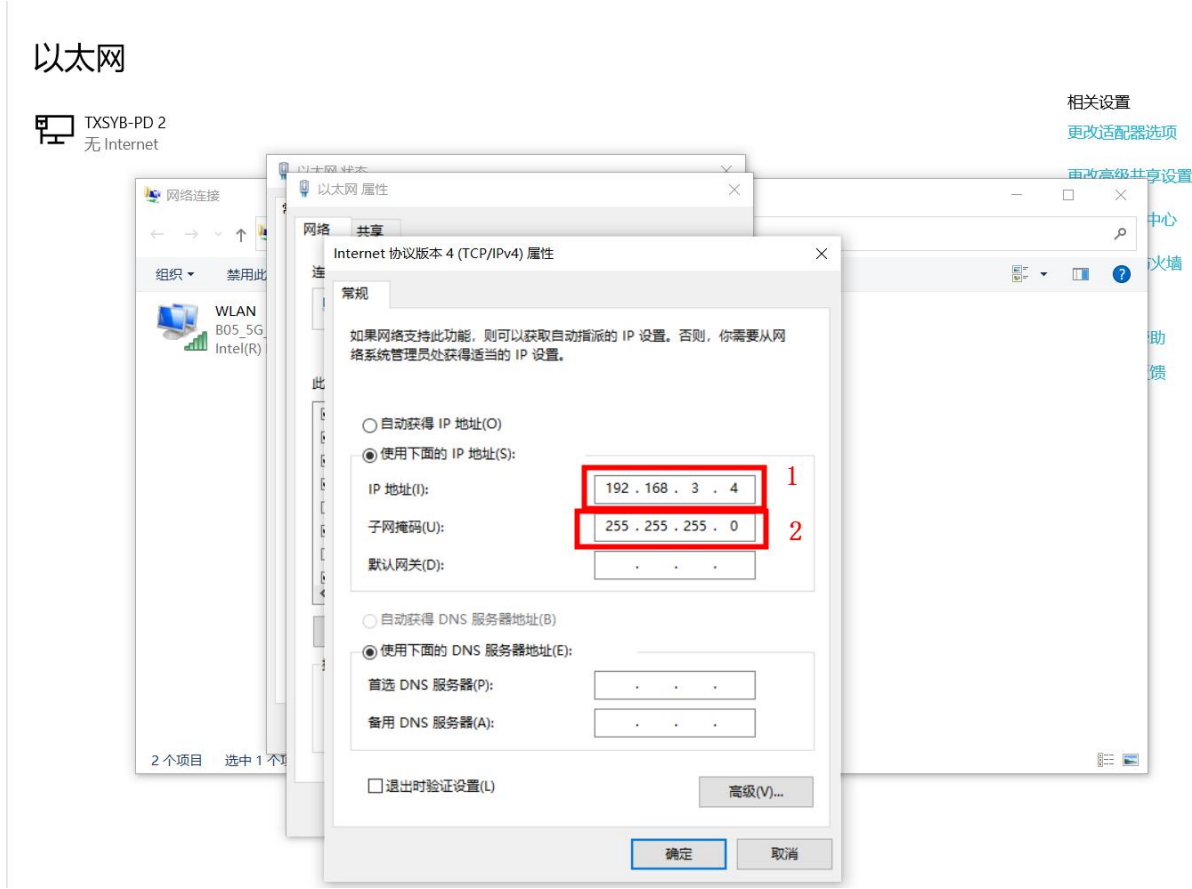
## 2.3. Software settings

### 2.3.1. Network test environment

To avoid server search failure and inability to open web pages and other related problems in the actual application process, it is recommended to check the relevant settings of the computer first.



- (1) Turn off the firewall and antivirus software of the computer;
- (2) Configure the network card connected to the device;
- (3) This case is for the test of direct connection of the equipment to the computer. The computer needs to be configured as static IP (the computer is directly connected to the serial port server, there is no router to assign, and the computer cannot obtain the IP address). The use of a switch or router needs to ensure that the equipment and the computer are on the same network end (for example, 192.168.3. xxx);
- (4) The static IP of the computer is 192.168.3.4 (the same network segment as the serial port server), the subnet mask is 255.255.255.0, and the default gateway is 192.168.3.1.



### 2.3.2. Default parameters

project	Default parameters
IP address	192.168.3.7
Default local port	8887
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0
Default gateway	192.168.3.1
Default working mode	TCP Server

Serial baud rate	115200
Serial port parameters	8 / None / 1

### 2.3.3.Data transmission test

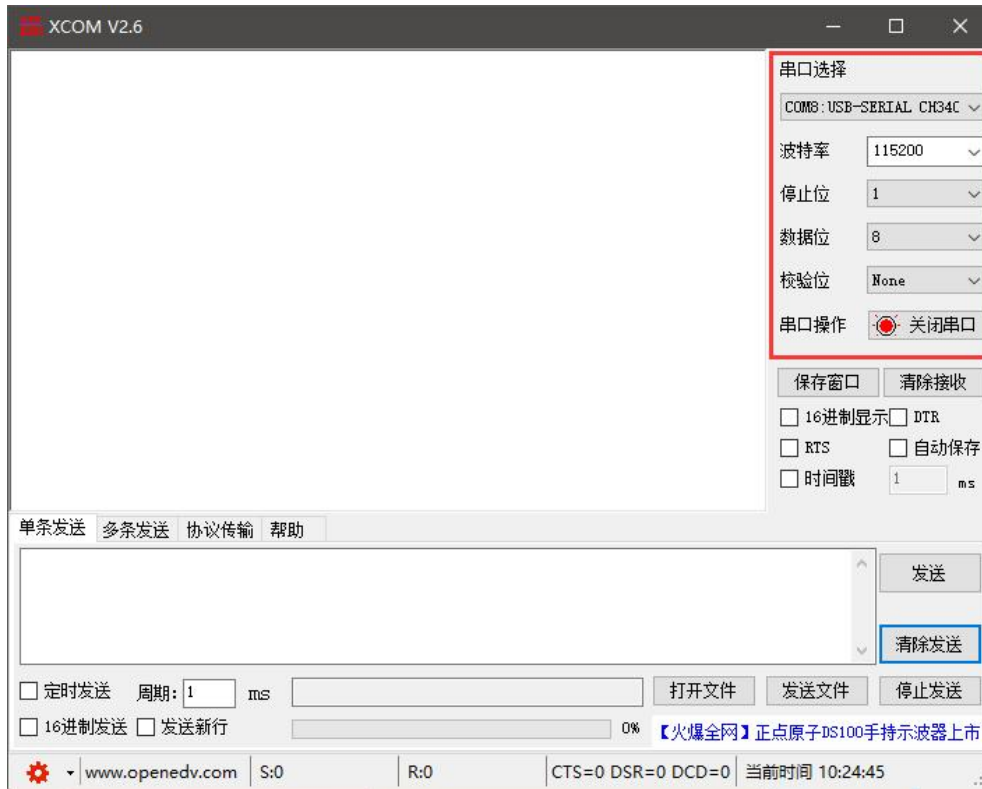
After the above operation steps, follow the factory default parameters of the equipment and perform the following operations to realize the transparent data transmission test.

The operation steps are as follows:

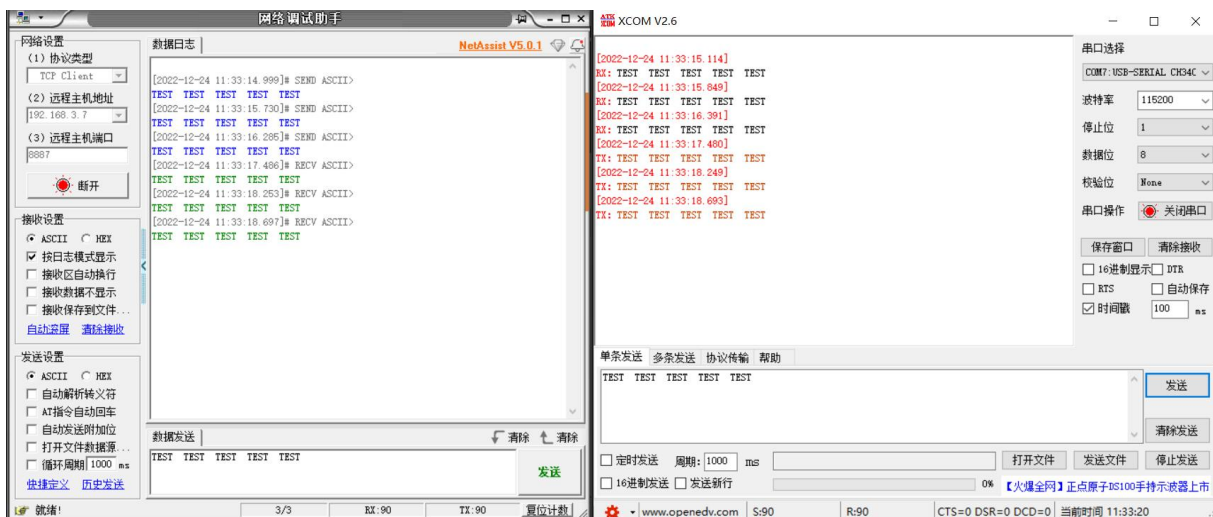
- (1) Open the test TCP/IP debugging assistant software;
- (2) Select TCP Client mode in the "network setting area". The remote host address corresponds to (default local IP of the device: 192.168.3.7). The remote host port corresponds to the factory local port 8887 of the device. Click Connect;
- (3) Wait for the computer to connect to the serial server. After the connection is completed, the LINK light of the serial server is always on;



- (4) Open the serial port assistant, set the serial port baud rate to 115200, set the serial port parameter to 1/8/None, and click to open the serial port;



(5) For data transmission test, the serial port assistant (serial port end) sends the test data, and the network debugging assistant (network end) receives the test data. The network debugging assistant (network side) sends the test data, and the serial port assistant (serial port side) receives the test data. Realize duplex communication (i.e. local to network two-way data transmission and receiving);



## 3. Product Overview

### 3.1. Product specification

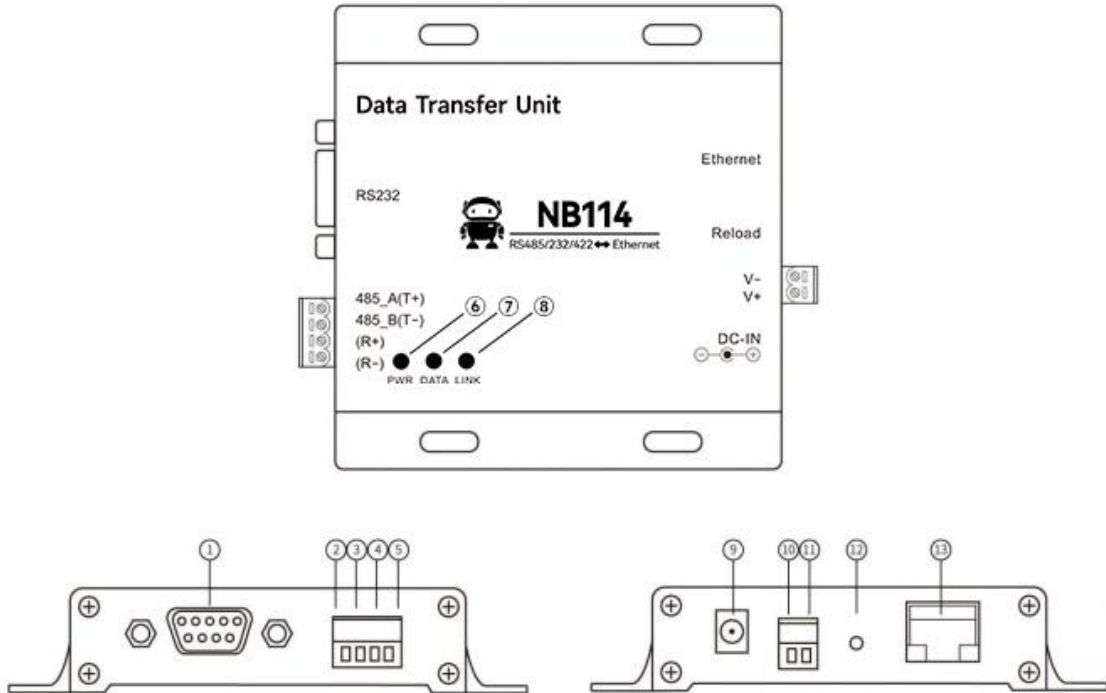
Product model	product type	Socket Number of connections	Working mode	working voltage	Product size (mm)
NS1	Chip module	6-way	TCP Server TCP Client UDP Server UDP Client MQTT Client HTTP Client	3.0~5.5V(DC)	17×19×4
NT1	In-line module	6-way		3.0~5.5V(DC)	35×22×30
NT1-B					
NA111	DTU	6-way		8~28V(DC)	110×66×30
NA111-A				85~265V(AC)	
NB114	DTU	6-way	8~28V(DC)	102×84×25	

### 3.2. technical parameter

project	explain
working voltage	8~28V (DC)
Interface	Serial port (RS422/RS485, 4 × 3.81mm Phoenix terminal) Serial port (RS232, standard RS232 line sequence DB9 female) Network interface (RJ45)
Working mode	TCP Server (default), TCP Client, UDP Server, UDP Client, HTTP Client, MQTT Client
Socket connection	TCP server supports 6-way client connections
Network protocol	TCP/UDP、MQTT、HTTP、IPv4、DHCP、DNS
IP acquisition method	Static IP (default), DHCP
DNS domain name resolution	support
Domain name resolution server	114.114.114.114 (customizable)
collocation method	Web page, parameter configuration tool, AT command
IP address	192.168.3.7 (customizable)
user name	Admin (customizable)
password	Admin (customizable)
Local Port	8887 (customizable)
Subnet mask	255.255.255.0 (customizable)
gateway	192.168.3.1 (customizable)
Serial port cache	1024Byte
Packaging mechanism	512 Byte
Serial baud rate	1200~230400 bps (115200 by default)
Data bits	5, 6, 7, 8 (default)
Stop bit	1 (default), 2
Check bit	None (default), Odd, Even, Mark, Space
Product size	one hundred and two × eighty-four × 25mm (L × W × H)
Product weight	126g ± 5g
Working temperature and humidity	-40~+85 °C, 5%~95% RH (no condensation)
Storage	-40~+105 °C, 5%~95% RH (no condensation)

temperature and humidity	
--------------------------	--

### 3.3. Indicator and interface description

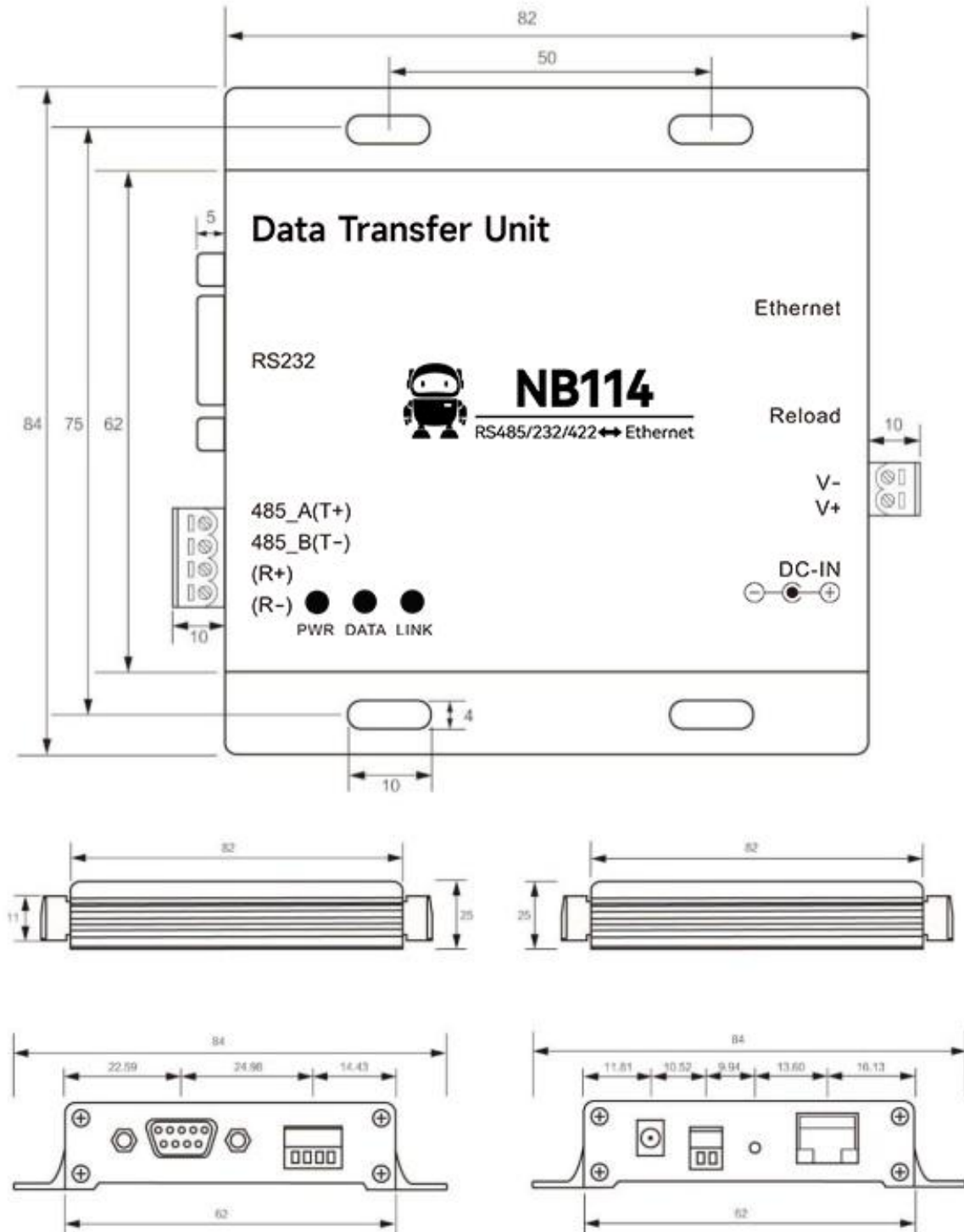


Serial number	name	function	explain
1	RS232	RS232 interface	Standard DB9-RS-232 bus head wire sequence;
2	485-A(T+)	RS485/RS422 interface	A of RS-485 interface, T+sent by RS-422;
3	485-B(T-)	RS485/RS422 interface	B of RS-485 interface, T - sent by RS-422;
4	(R+)	RS422 interface (R+)	R+received by RS-422;
5	(R-)	RS422 interface (R-)	RS-422 received R -;
6	PWR	Power indicator	Power on: the red light is on; Power off: the light is off;

7	DATA	Data transceiver indicator	3 seconds before power-on: flash; Wait for the network cable: always on; There is data receiving and sending: blue light and green light flash; No data transmission: the light is off;
8	LINK	Link connection light	Connection succeeded: the green light is on; No connection: the light is off; UDP mode is always on;
9	DC-IN	DC bus power input	DC 8~28V input, do not input with Phoenix terminal at the same time;
10	VCC	DC power input	3.81mm Phoenix terminal, DC 8~28V positive pole, do not input DC head at the same time;
11	GND	DC power output	3.81mm Phoenix terminal, DC 8~28V negative pole, do not input DC head at the same time;
12	Reload	Restore factory key	Press and hold for 5 seconds to restore the equipment;
13	Ethernet	network interface	Standard RJ45 interface;

[Note] When the network cable is not connected, PWR, DATA and LINK are all on, and the device is in standby state.

### 3.4. Mechanical dimensions





### 3.5. Installation method

The equipment is installed by locating holes.



## 4. Product function

### 4.1. Network parameters

#### 4.1.1. IP address type

The IP address is the identification of the module in the LAN, which is unique in the LAN. Therefore, it cannot be duplicated with other devices in the same LAN. The IP address of the module can be obtained by static IP and DHCP.

- (1) Static IP: The static IP needs to be set manually by the user. In the process of setting, pay attention to writing the IP, subnet mask and gateway at the same time. The static IP is suitable for the scenario where the IP and device need to be counted and corresponding one by one.

Advantages: access to devices that cannot be assigned IP addresses can be searched through the full-segment broadcast mode, which is convenient for unified management;

Disadvantages: Different intranet segments in different LANs lead to the failure of normal TCP/UDP communication.

- (2) Dynamic DHCP: DHCP is mainly used to dynamically obtain IP address, gateway address, DNS server address and other information from the gateway host, thus eliminating the tedious steps of setting IP address. It is applicable to scenarios where there is no requirement for IP and no requirement for one-to-one correspondence between IP and modules.

Advantages: The access router and other devices with DHCP server can communicate directly, reducing the trouble of setting IP address gateway and subnet mask.

Disadvantages: If the module is connected to a network without a DHCP server, for example, if it is directly connected to a computer, the module will not work properly.

The subnet mask is mainly used to determine the network number and host number of the IP address, indicate the number of subnets, and determine whether the module is in the subnet.

The subnet mask must be set. Our commonly used Class C subnet mask is 255.255.255.0, the network number is the first 24 digits, the host number is the last 8 digits,

the number of subnets is 255, and the module IP is within the range of 255, then the module IP is considered to be in the subnet.

Gateway refers to the network number of the network where the module's current IP address is located. If the router and other devices are accessed when connecting to the external network, the gateway is the router.

### 4.1.2. Domain name resolution (DNS)

Domain name resolution converts the domain name into an IP address recognized by the network through the domain name resolution (DNS) server. The domain name resolution (DNS) server address of the serial port server supports user customization. It can achieve domain name resolution through the customized domain name resolution server in case of domain name server exception. The device will report the resolution request to the customized domain name resolution (DNS) server during domain name resolution, and return the device connection parameters (generally IP address) after the resolution is completed.

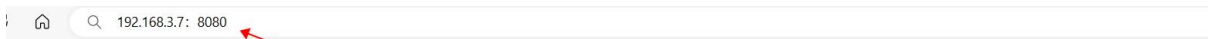
In DHCP mode, the domain name resolution (DNS) server address is automatically obtained (synchronous router domain name resolution address) and cannot be modified.

In the static IP mode, the default address of the domain name resolution (DNS) server is 114.114.114.114.

### 4.1.3. Intranet access port

The default intranet access port is 80.

[Note] If the port number is modified, the port number should be added in the address input column. For example, to modify the web page access port to 8080, you need to enter 192.168.3.7:8080 in the address column to connect to the web page configuration.



## 成都亿佰特电子科技有限公司

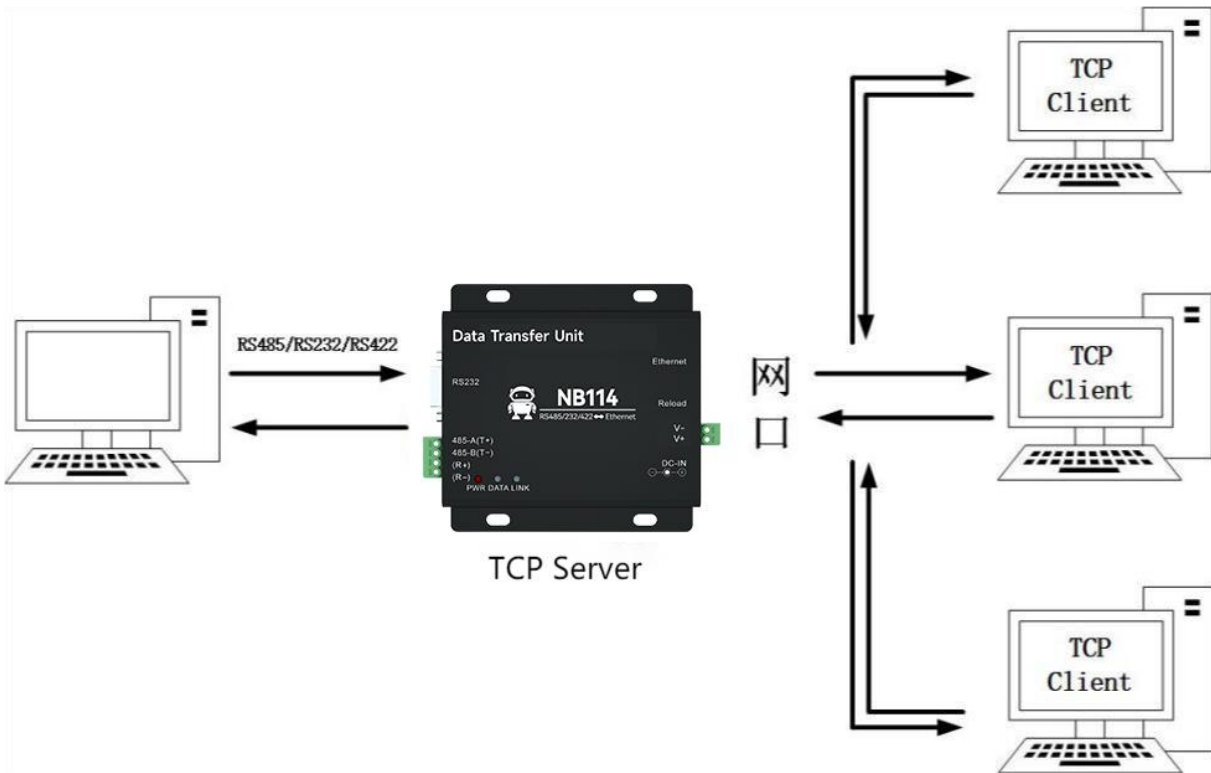
设备信息		
设备型号	设备SN码	Language
9013-2-13	ST20074S	中文
固件版本	登录账号	登录密码
	admin	*****
网络设置		
IP模式	工作模式	模块MAC
静态	TCP服务器	84-C2-E4-36-05-3A
设备IP	设备端口	网页访问端口
192.168.3.7	8887	8080
子网掩码	网关	首选DNS
255.255.255.0	192.168.3.1	114.114.114.114
目的IP/域名		目的端口
192.168.3.3		8888
串口设置		
波特率	数据位	校验位
115200	8	NONE

## 4.2. Network operation mode

### 4.2.1. TCP server mode

TCP Server is a TCP server. In the TCP Server mode, the device listens to the local port, accepts the connection request of the client and establishes a connection for data communication, which is usually used for communication with TCP clients in the LAN.

When the Modbus gateway function is turned off, the device will send the data received by the serial port to all the client devices that have established a connection with the device. At most, it can connect 6 clients. After the Modbus gateway function is enabled, the non-Modbus data will be cleared and will not be forwarded.



### 4.2.2. TCP client mode

TCP Client is the TCP client. When the device works, it will actively send a connection request to the server and establish a connection to realize the interaction between serial port data and server data.

To use the client, you need to configure the IP address/domain name and target port of the target accurately.



### 4.2.3.UDP server mode

UDP Server means that the device does not verify the data source IP address when communicating with UDP protocol. After receiving a UDP packet, it saves the source IP address and source port of the packet and sets it as the target IP address and port. Therefore, the data sent by the device only sends the data packet to the source IP address and port of the last time the device received the data.

This mode is usually used in scenarios where multiple network devices communicate with this device, and the frequency is high, and TCP Server cannot meet the conditions.

Using UDP Server requires remote UDP devices to send data first, otherwise data cannot be sent normally.

[Note] In UDP mode, the data sent by the network to the device should be less than 512Bit per packet, otherwise it will cause data loss.

### 4.2.4.UDP client mode

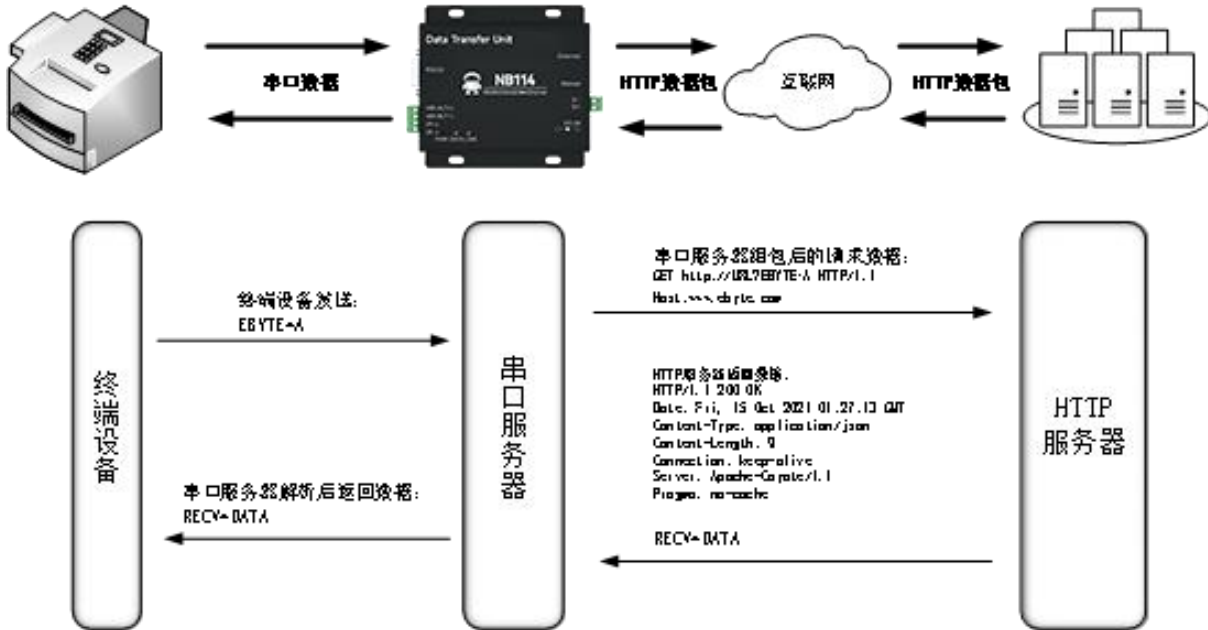
UDP Client is a connectionless transport protocol that provides simple and unreliable transaction-oriented information transmission services. There is no connection establishment and disconnection. You only need to configure the destination IP and destination port to send data to each other. Usually used in data transmission scenarios where there is no requirement for packet loss rate, the data packet is small and the transmission frequency is fast, and the data is to be transmitted to the specified IP.

In UDP Client mode, the device will only communicate with the configured (target IP and target port) remote UDP device.

In this mode, the target address is set to 255.255.255.255, and the transmitted data will be broadcast in the whole network segment, but the receiving and transmitting equipment needs to ensure the port consistency, and the equipment can also receive the broadcast data.

### 4.2.5.HTTP client mode

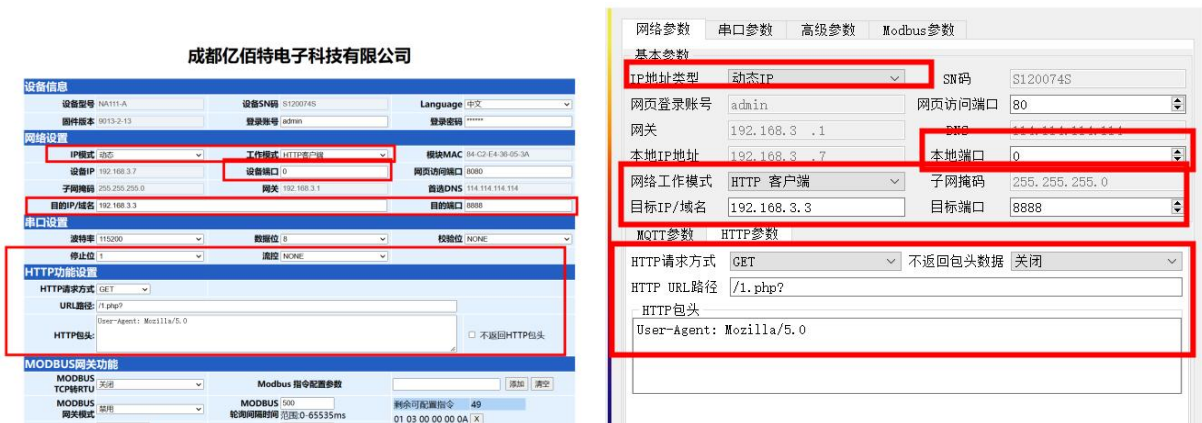
This mode can realize the HTTP packet grouping function, and provides two modes: GET and POST. The customer can configure parameters such as URL, Header, and send packets by the device (serial port server) to realize the fast communication between the serial port device and the HTTP server. The HTTP client mode is recommended to use the random port and open a short connection to save the HTTP server resources.



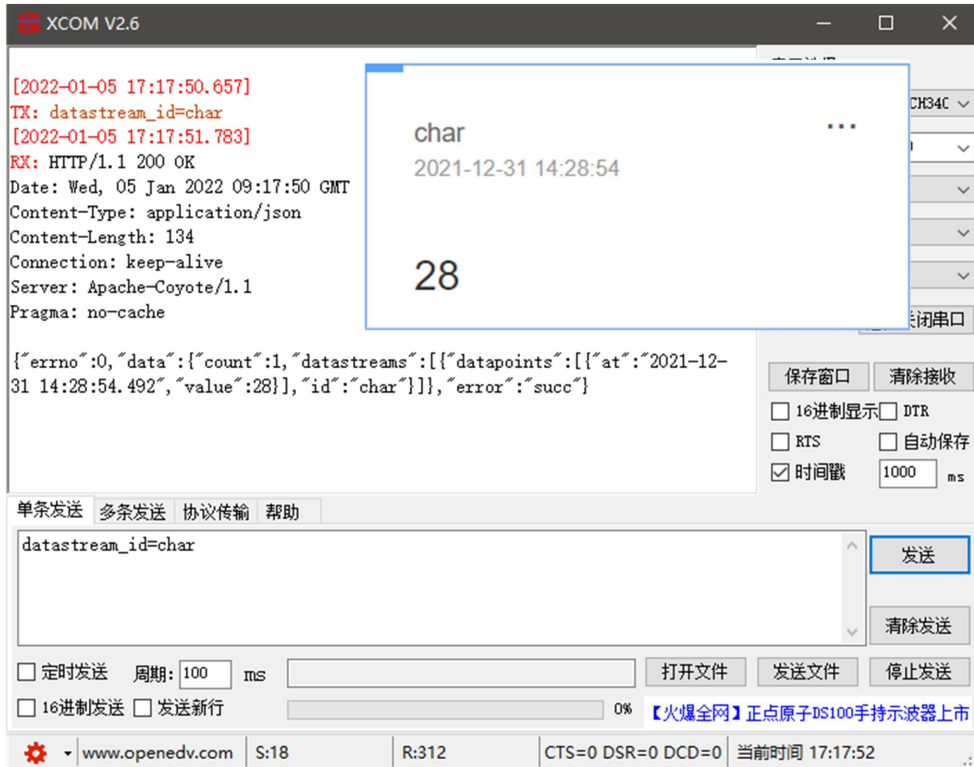
#### 1. GET

Use the HTTP mode of OneNET multi-protocol access to test the HTTP-GET request of the device, as shown in the following figure.

(1) Return data configuration with header:



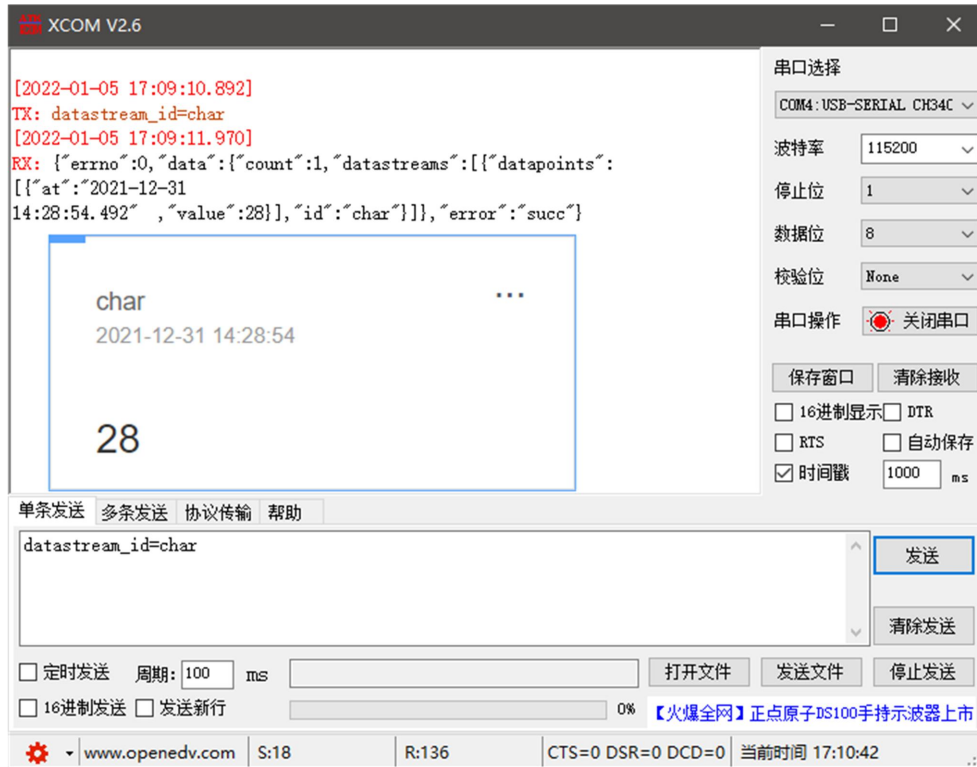
Data return test:



(2) Return data configuration without header:



Data return test:



## 2. POST

Use the HTTP mode of OneNET multi-protocol access to test the HTTP-POST request of the device, as shown in the following figure.

(1) Return data configuration with header:



### 网络设置

IP模式: 动态	工作模式: HTTP客户端	模块MAC: 84-C2-E4-36-05-3A
设备IP: 192.168.3.7	设备端口: 0	网页访问端口: 80
子网掩码: 255.255.255.0	网关: 192.168.3.1	首选DNS: 114.114.114.114
目的IP/域名: api.heclouds.com	目的端口: 80	

### 串口设置

波特率: 115200	数据位: 8	校验位: NONE
停止位: 1	流控: NONE	

### HTTP功能设置

HTTP请求方式: POST	URL路径: /devices/863876867/datapoints	<input type="checkbox"/> 不返回HTTP包头
HTTP包头: api-key: [乱码] Host: api.heclouds.com		

### MODBUS网关功能

MODBUS TCP转RTU: 关闭	Modbus 指令配置参数: [输入框] [添加] [清空]
MODBUS 网关模式: 禁用	MODBUS: 500 剩余可配置指令: 49
Modbus: 1000 指令超时时间: 范围:0-65535ms	Modbus: 10 指令存储时间: 范围:0-255s 01 03 00 00 00 0A [X]

指令格式: "XX XX XX XX XX XX";  
其中:"XX":2位16进制数,XX与"XX"之间加入一个空格  
最多可配置50条指令

### 高级设置

断网重连时间: 7 关闭:0;范围:7-255s	断网重连次数: 5 范围:1-60次	超时重启: 1800 关闭:0;范围:60-65535s
心跳包周期: 0 关闭:0;范围:1-65535s	短连接: 2 关闭:0;范围:2-255s	网络连接后 清空串口缓存: 启用
心跳包模式: 串口心跳包	自定义心跳包: keepalive message	<input type="checkbox"/> Hex
注册包模式: 关闭注册包模式	自定义注册包: register message	<input type="checkbox"/> Hex

网络参数 | 串口参数 | 高级参数 | Modbus参数

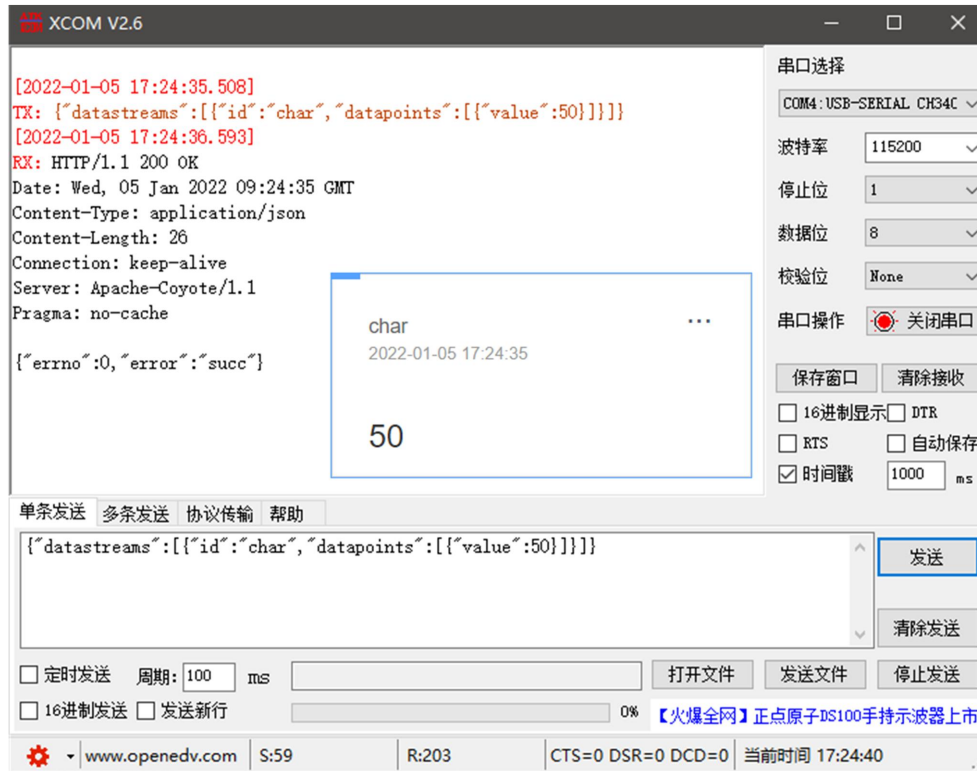
#### 基本参数

IP地址类型: 动态IP	SN码: [乱码]
网页登录账号: admin	网页访问端口: 80
网关: 192.168.3.1	DNS: 114.114.114.114
本地IP地址: 192.168.3.7	本地端口: 0
网络工作模式: HTTP客户端	子网掩码: 255.255.255.0
目标IP/域名: api.heclouds.com	目标端口: 80

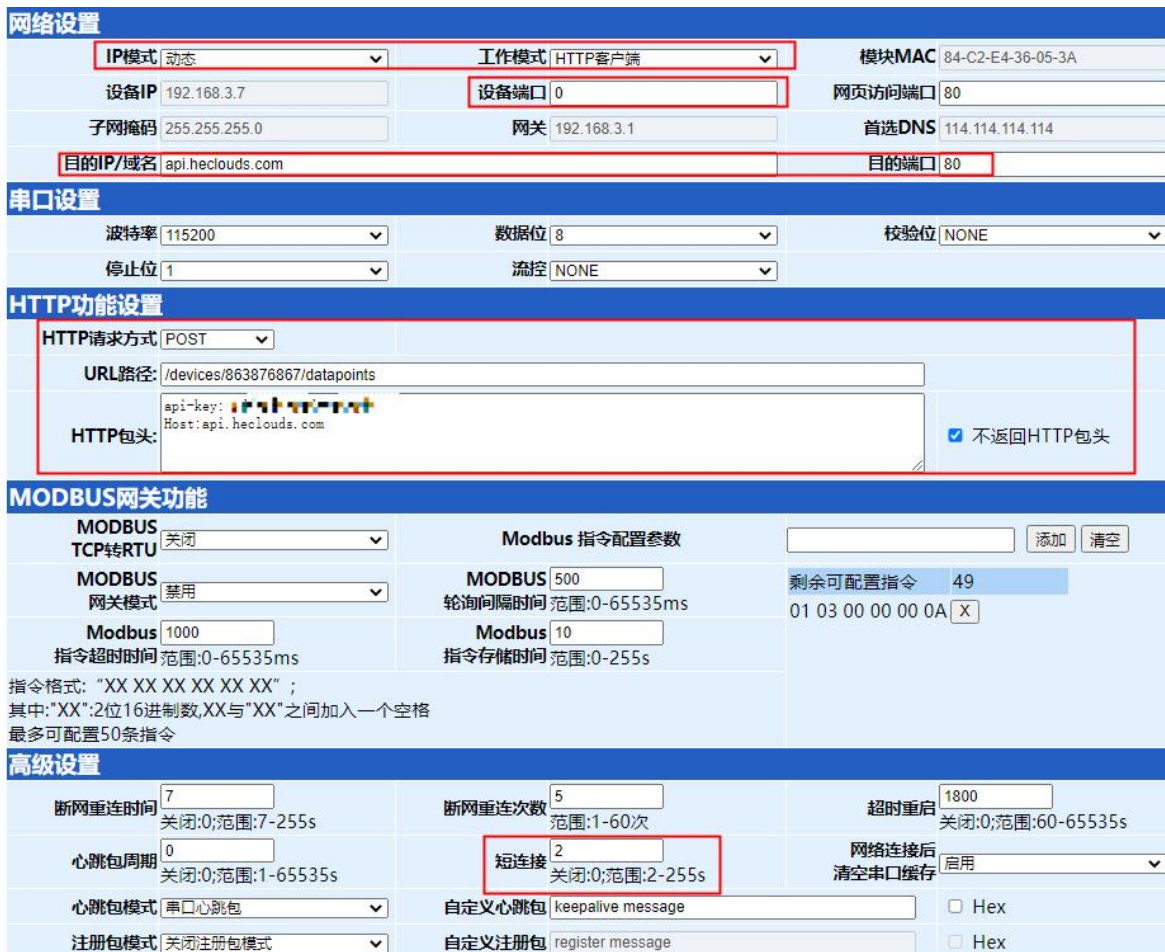
#### MQTT参数 | HTTP参数

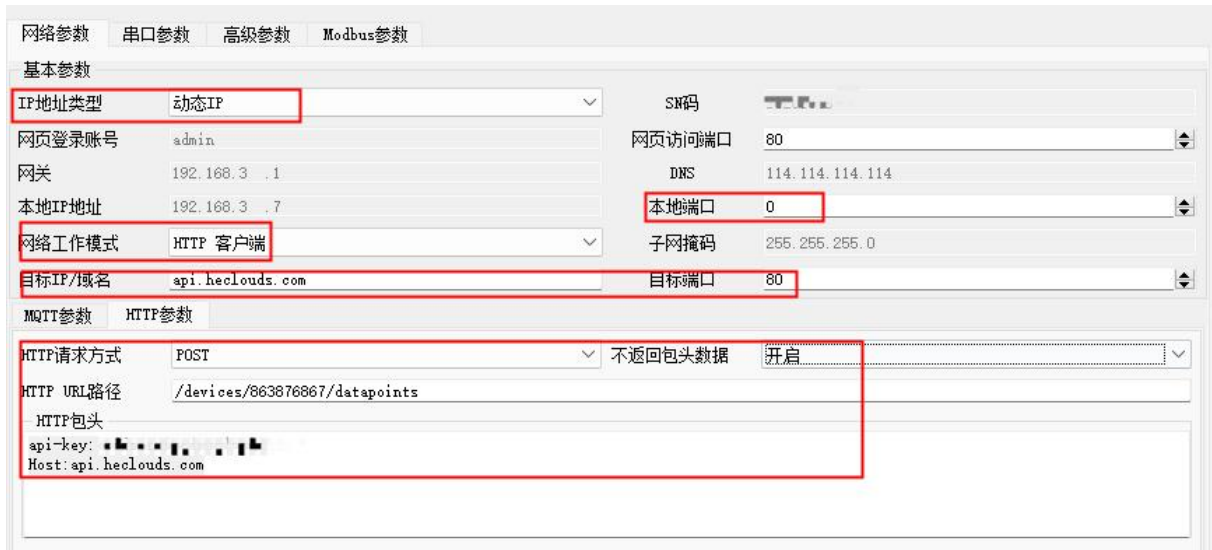
HTTP请求方式: POST	不返回包头数据: 关闭
HTTP URL路径: /devices/863876867/datapoints	
HTTP包头: api-key: [乱码] Host: api.heclouds.com	

Data return test:



## (2) Return data configuration without header:





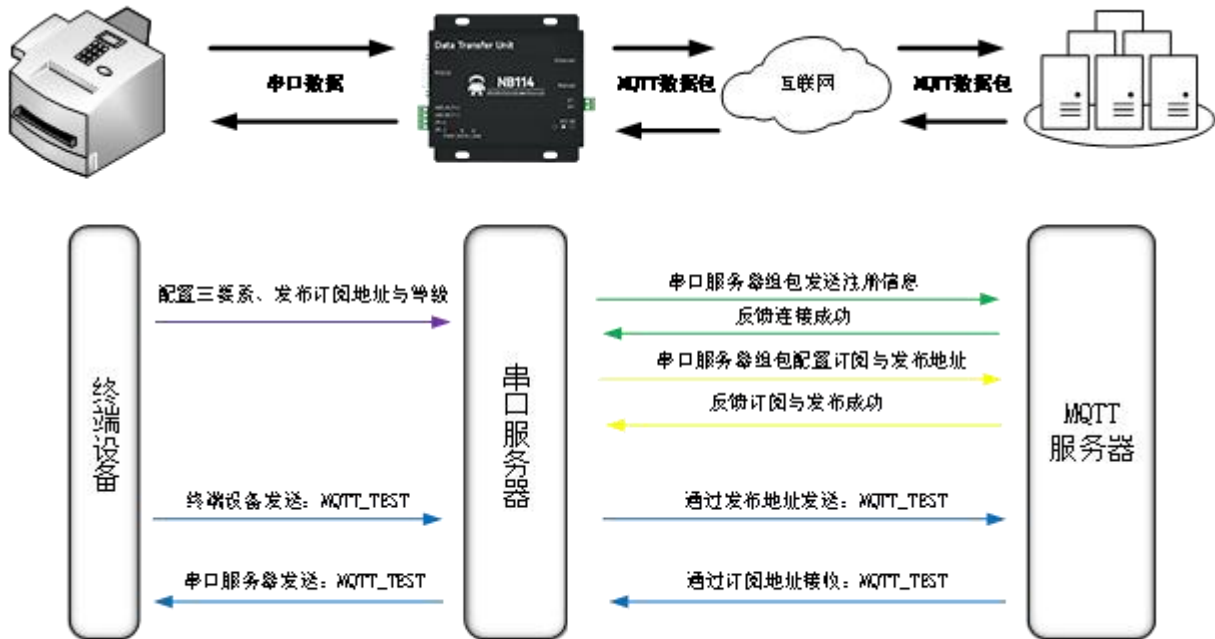
Data return test:



#### 4.2.6.MQTT client mode

The serial server supports the fast access standard MQTT3.1 protocol server (OneNET, Baidu Cloud, Huawei Cloud, user-built and other server types) and Alibaba Cloud server, supports the quality of service level configuration (Qos 0, Qos 1), supports the ultra-long text configuration, and facilitates better access to network service operators (server address, three elements, subscription and publishing address support the configuration of up to 128

characters).



【注】根据平台配置的规则引擎进行数据转发，此处以回传为例说明

### 1. Standard MQTT3.1.1

Here, the standard MQTT3.1.1 connection takes Tencent's standard MQTT3.1.1 server as an example. The "three elements" described in the standard can be obtained from Tencent server as shown in the following figure:

Client ID            ELD0ERCUKDDEV01 [复制](#)

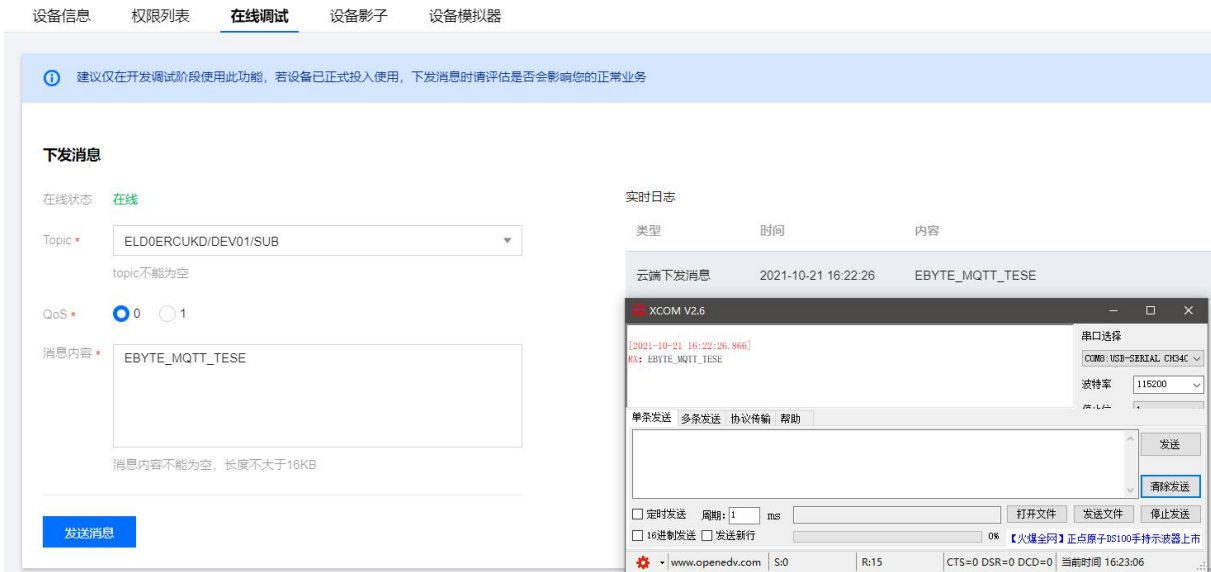
MQTT Username    ELD0ERCUKDDEV01;12010126;ED6M4;1677376303 [复制](#)

MQTT Password    b7...269899;hmacsha256 [复制](#)

Parameter configuration (upper computer and web page) is described as follows:

网络设置			
IP模式	动态	工作模式	MQTT客户端
设备IP	192.168.3.7	设备端口	0
子网掩码	255.255.255.0	网关	192.168.3.1
目的IP/域名	192.168.3.3	网页访问端口	80
		首选DNS	114.114.114.114
		目的端口	8888
串口设置			
波特率	115200	数据位	8
停止位	1	流控	NONE
		校验位	NONE
MQTT功能设置			
平台选则:	标准MQTT3.1.1	keepAlive:	120 范围:30-1200 s
设备名: (Client ID)	test-iot		
用户名: (Device name)	1234/all		
密码: (Device secret)	123456789		
ProductKey	123456		
发布主题	all/00000009000000094411/sub	Qos等级:	0
订阅主题	all/00000009000000094411/sub	Qos等级:	0
网络参数			
基本参数			
IP地址类型	动态IP	SN码	S120074S
网页登录账号	admin	网页访问端口	80
网关	192.168.3.1	DNS	114.114.114.114
本地IP地址	192.168.3.7	本地端口	0
网络工作模式	MQTT 客户端	子网掩码	255.255.255.0
目标IP/域名	192.168.3.3	目标端口	8888
MQTT参数			
平台选择	标准 MQTT 3.1.1	心跳包周期	120秒
ClientID	test-iot		
UserName	1234/all		
Password	123456789		
	123456		
订阅主题	all/00000009000000094411/sub	Qos等级	0
发布主题	all/00000009000000094411/sub	Qos等级	0

Configure the corresponding subscription publishing address, and use the platform online debugging to send data for communication test:



## 2. Alibaba Cloud

Support the use of Alibaba Cloud's "three elements" to directly connect to the server and obtain the "three elements" required to connect to Alibaba Cloud, as shown in the figure:



Configure Topic for communication test:



Select the corresponding product, select "Custom Topic" under the topic class list (see Alibaba Cloud documentation for details), click "Define Topic Class", configure the name as 1234, and grant publish and subscribe permissions (for data retrieval).

Configure the device connection parameters, as shown in the following figure:

```
{
```

```
"ProductKey": "a1GIhuTU1yN",
"DeviceName": "DEV04",
"DeviceSecret": "xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxx"
}
```

Alibaba Cloud server address: **ProductKey** `iot-as-mqtt.cn-shanghai.aliyuncs.com:1883`

Topic of subscription and publication: `/a1GIhuTU1yN/DEV04/user/1234`

网络设置				
IP模式	动态	工作模式	MQTT客户端	
设备IP	192.168.3.7	设备端口	0	
子网掩码	255.255.255.0	网关	192.168.3.1	
目的IP/域名	a1GIhuTU1yN.iot-as-mqtt.cn-shanghai.aliyuncs.com		目的端口	1883
		模块MAC	84-C2-E4-36-05-3A	
		网页访问端口	80	
		首选DNS	114.114.114.114	

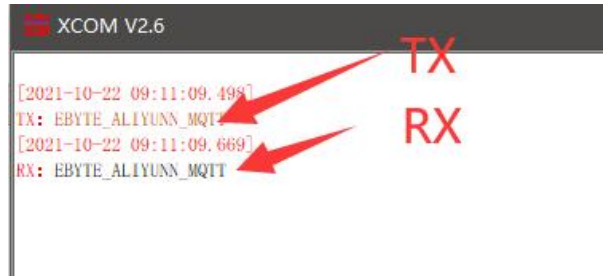
串口设置			
波特率	115200	数据位	8
停止位	1	流控	NONE
		校验位	NONE

MQTT功能设置			
平台选则	阿里云	keepAlive	120 范围:30-1200 s
设备名 (Client ID)	DEV04		
用户名 (Device name)	DEV04		
密码 (Device secret)	cfd3b1xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxfb954f75		
ProductKey	a1GIhuTU1yN		
发布主题	/a1GIhuTU1yN/DEV04/user/1234	Qos等级	0
订阅主题	/a1GIhuTU1yN/DEV04/user/1234	Qos等级	0

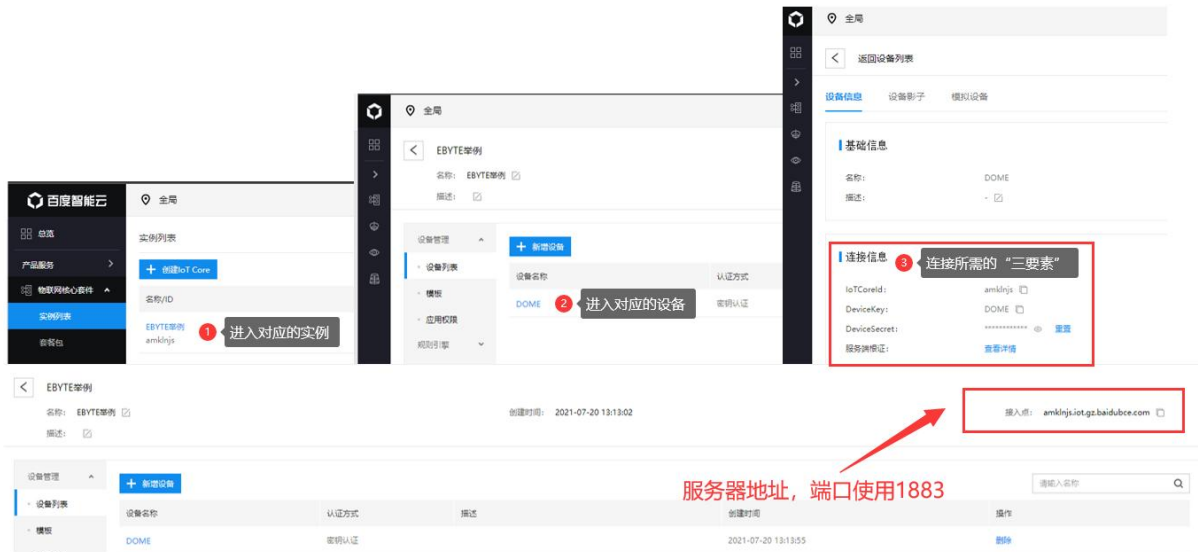
网络参数	串口参数	高级参数	Modbus参数
基本参数			
IP地址类型	动态IP	SN码	S120074S
网页登录账号	admin	网页访问端口	80
网关	192.168.3.1	DNS	114.114.114.114
本地IP地址	192.168.3.7	本地端口	0
网络工作模式	MQTT 客户端	子网掩码	255.255.255.0
目标IP/域名	t.cn-shanghai.aliyuncs.com	目标端口	1883
MQTT参数			
平台选择	阿里云	心跳包周期	120秒
	test-iot		
DeviceName	DEV04		
DeviceSecret	cfd3b1xxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxxfb954f75		
PrductKey	a1GIhuTU1yN		
订阅主题	/a1GIhuTU1yN/DEV04/user/1234	Qos等级	0
发布主题	/a1GIhuTU1yN/DEV04/user/1234	Qos等级	0

Alibaba Cloud MQTT platform communication test:



### 3. Baidu Cloud

Support the use of Baidu Cloud's "three elements" to directly connect to the server and obtain the "three elements" needed to connect to Baidu Cloud, as shown in the figure:



Configure the device connection parameters, as shown in the following figure:





网络参数 串口参数 高级参数 Modbus参数

基本参数

IP地址类型 动态IP SN码 S120074S

网页登录账号 admin 网页访问端口 80

网关 192.168.3.1 DNS 114.114.114.114

本地IP地址 192.168.3.7 本地端口 0

网络工作模式 MQTT 客户端 子网掩码 255.255.255.0

目标IP/域名 id.iot.gz.baidubce.com 目标端口 1883

MQTT参数 HTTP参数

平台选择 百度云 心跳包周期 120秒

ClientID DeviceKey

UserName IoTCoreId/DeviceKey

Password DeviceSecret

123456

订阅主题 \$iot/{deviceName}/events Qos等级 0

发布主题 \$iot/{deviceName}/msg Qos等级 0

Subscription and publishing require the establishment of a rule engine to achieve data retrieval. First, a message template needs to be established, as shown in the following figure:

添加模板

配置模板名称

\* 模板名称: TEST

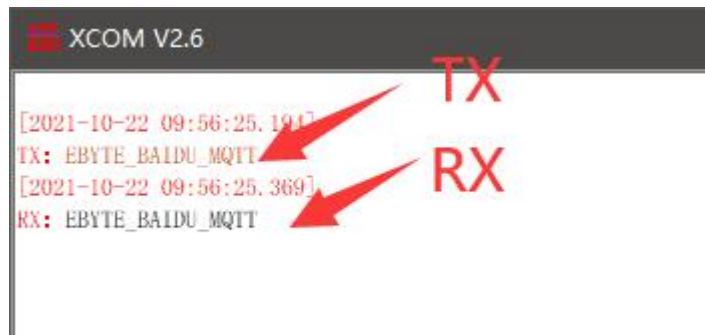
确认 取消

模板名称/ID	主题
TEST	\$iot/{deviceName}/events
t85m0rw2	\$iot/{deviceName}/msg

Create a rule engine for data retrieval, as shown in the following figure:

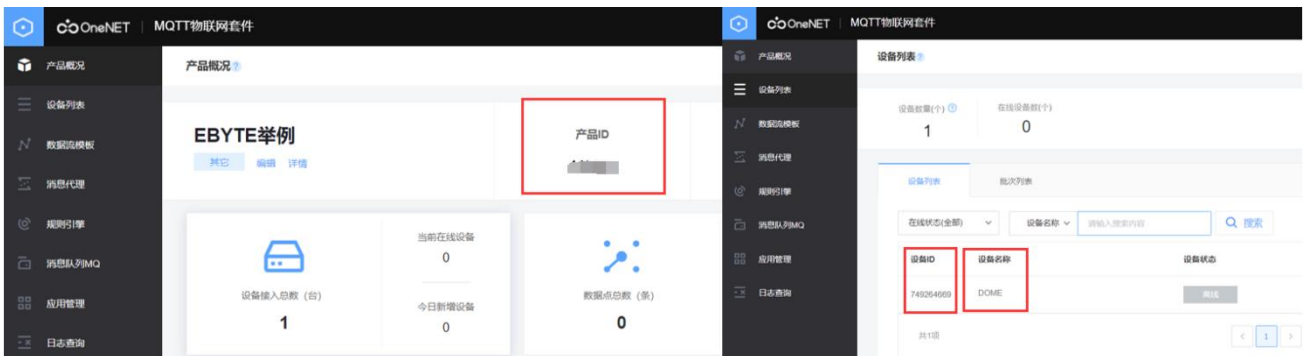


Enable the rule engine, restart the device (re-subscribe and publish), and the communication test is as follows:



#### 4. OneNET

Support the use of OneNET "three elements" to directly connect to the server and obtain the "three elements" required to connect to OneNET, as shown in the figure:



Configure the device connection parameters, as shown in the following figure:

网络设置				
IP模式	动态	工作模式	MQTT客户端	
设备IP	192.168.3.7	设备端口	0	
子网掩码	255.255.255.0	网关	192.168.3.1	
目的IP/域名	mqtt.heclouds.com		目的端口	6002
模块MAC	84-C2-E4-36-05-3A			
网页访问端口	80			
首选DNS	114.114.114.114			

串口设置			
波特率	115200	数据位	8
停止位	1	流控	NONE
校验位	NONE		

MQTT功能设置			
平台选则:	OneNET云	keepAlive:	120 范围:30-1200 s
设备名: (Client ID)	Device ID		
用户名: (Device name)	Product ID		
密码: (Device secret)	Device name/user password		
ProductKey	a1GihuTU1yN		
发布主题	testsub	Qos等级:	0
订阅主题	testsub	Qos等级:	0

网络参数	串口参数	高级参数	Modbus参数
基本参数			
IP地址类型	动态IP	SN码	S120074S
网页登录账号	admin	网页访问端口	80
网关	192.168.3.1	DNS	114.114.114.114
本地IP地址	192.168.3.7	本地端口	0
网络工作模式	MQTT 客户端	子网掩码	255.255.255.0
目标IP/域名	mqtt.heclouds.com	目标端口	6002
MQTT参数			
平台选择	OneNET 云	心跳包周期	120秒
ClientID	Device ID		
UserName	Product ID		
Password	Device name/user password		
订阅主题	testsub	Qos等级	0
发布主题	testsub	Qos等级	0

Server address: 183.230.40.39:6002

Device name: fill in the device ID of OneNET;

User name: fill in the product ID of OneNET;

Password: fill in the device name (MQTTs) and the user-defined key (MQTT for multi-protocol access);

OneNET supports automatic generation of topics with subscription and publication attributes.

Only the same address of subscription and publication is needed to realize data transmission. Communication test:



### 4.3. Serial port parameters

Serial port parameters include baud rate, data bit, check bit and stop bit.

Baud rate: serial communication rate, 1200, 2400, 4800, 9600, 14400, 19200, 38400, 57600, 115200, 230400bps can be configured.

Data bit: length of data bit, range 5, 6, 7, 8.

Check bit: the check bit of data communication. It supports five verification methods: None, Odd, Even, Mark and Space. By setting the serial port parameters, keeping the serial port parameters consistent with the serial port parameters of the equipment connected to the serial port, the normal operation of the communication can be guaranteed.

Stop bit: range 1 and 2 can be set.

Flow control: only NS1 and NT1 can be used.



### 4.4. Advanced parameters

#### 4.4.1. Disconnection and reconnection function

In the client mode, after the device is disconnected from the network, it tries to actively connect to the server at the specified time. If the request times out and the set number of reconnections has not been successfully reconnected, the device will restart to prevent the network from being unable to recover after the device is disconnected.

Disconnection and reconnection time: the time interval between each attempt of the device to reestablish the network.

Reconnect times: the number of times the device attempts to reestablish the network. The cumulative number of requests reaches the preset value. If the connection is not successful, the device will automatically restart.

The actual time to restart is the period of disconnection and reconnection times. It is recommended to use the factory default parameters if there is no special requirement.

#### 4.4.2. Timeout restart function

The timeout restart function (default: 300 seconds) is supported. This function is mainly used to ensure the long-term stable operation of the equipment. If data transmission and reception are not performed within the set timeout restart time, the equipment will restart to avoid the impact of abnormal conditions on communication.

When the timeout restart function is turned on, the timeout restart time setting parameter range is (60-65535) seconds.

#### 4.4.3. Short connection function

In the client mode, the network short connection is supported (the function is turned off by default). TCP short connection is mainly used to save server resource costs, and is generally used in multi-point (multi-client) to one-point (server) scenarios.

The TCP short connection function is applied in the TCP Client mode. After the short connection function is enabled, the device will only request to connect with the server when sending information. After the connection is successful, the serial port does not receive data or the network port does not receive data within the set time, and the device will automatically disconnect.

When the short connection function is turned on, the short connection time setting parameter range is (2-255) seconds.

#### 4.4.4. Connection emptying cache function

The device is in the client mode. When the TCP connection is not established, the data received by the serial port will be placed in the cache area. The serial port receive cache is 1024 bytes, and the data received earlier will be overwritten by more than 1024 bytes. After

the network connection is successful, you can choose to clear the serial port cache or send the cache through the network through configuration.

**Enable:** The device does not save the data received by the serial port before the connection is established.

**Disable:** After the connection is established, the network will receive the data cached by the serial port.

#### 4.4.5.Heartbeat packet function

In the client mode, users can choose to send heartbeat packets and customize the heartbeat packet time. The heartbeat packet can be selected from two modes: network heartbeat packet and serial heartbeat packet. It supports sending in hexadecimal and ASCII code. This heartbeat packet is not MQTT heartbeat. It needs to be turned off in MQTT client mode. MQTT heartbeat only needs to be configured in "MQTT mode". It is recommended not to configure the heartbeat packet cycle time less than 60s. For example, 120s is recommended in Alibaba Cloud manual.

Heartbeat packet sending mode:

- (1) The default is to turn off heartbeat packet mode.
- (2) Serial heartbeat packet ->The device sends heartbeat content to the serial bus according to the set heartbeat interval.
- (3) Network interface heartbeat packet ->The device sends heartbeat content to the network interface bus according to the set heartbeat time interval.

Custom heartbeat packet content (up to 40 bytes (ASCII) data, 20 bytes (HEX) data).

Customize the heartbeat packet sending interval. If the setting value is greater than zero, the heartbeat packet function will be turned on. When it is turned on, the range can be set: (1-65536) seconds, and when it is turned off, it is 0.

#### 4.4.6.Registration package function

In the client mode, users can choose to send the registration package, customize the time of the registration package, and customize the content of the registration package (up to 40 bytes (ASCII) data, 20 bytes (HEX) data).

The registration package supports the following modes:

- (1) Send MAC address when the network establishes a connection with the device
- (2) Send the data of the custom registration package when the network establishes

a connection with the device

- (3) After the connection between the network and the device is established, each packet of data sent by the device to the network is preceded by a MAC address
- (4) After the connection between the network and the device is established, each packet of data sent by the device to the network is preceded by the user-defined registration packet data

## 4.5. Modbus gateway

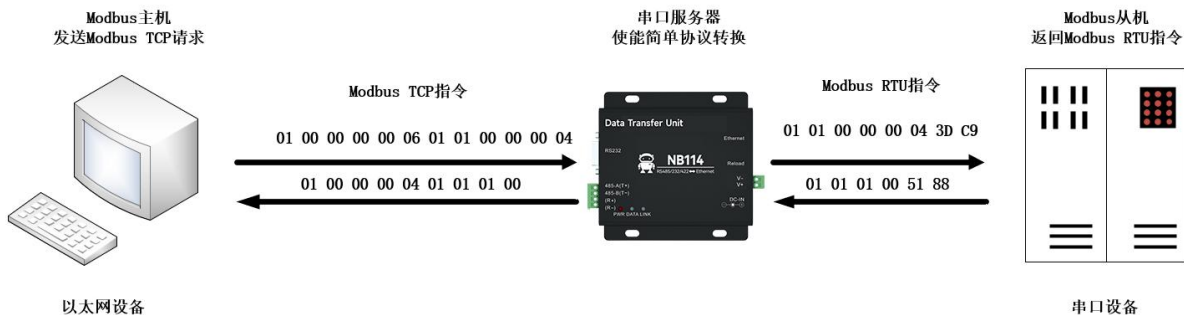
### 4.5.1. Simple protocol conversion mode



On: the Modbus RTU protocol and Modbus TCP protocol are converted to each other, and non-Modbus data (RTU/TCP) is discarded without conversion.

Off: Modbus data is verified without protocol conversion, and non-Modbus data (RTU/TCP) is discarded.

Simple protocol conversion can work in any mode (TCP client, TCP server, UDP client, UDP server, MQTT client, HTTP client). No matter what mode it works in, there can only be one Modbus master station.



【注】此处以网络侧为主机说明，实际使用时串口侧也可作为Modbus主机

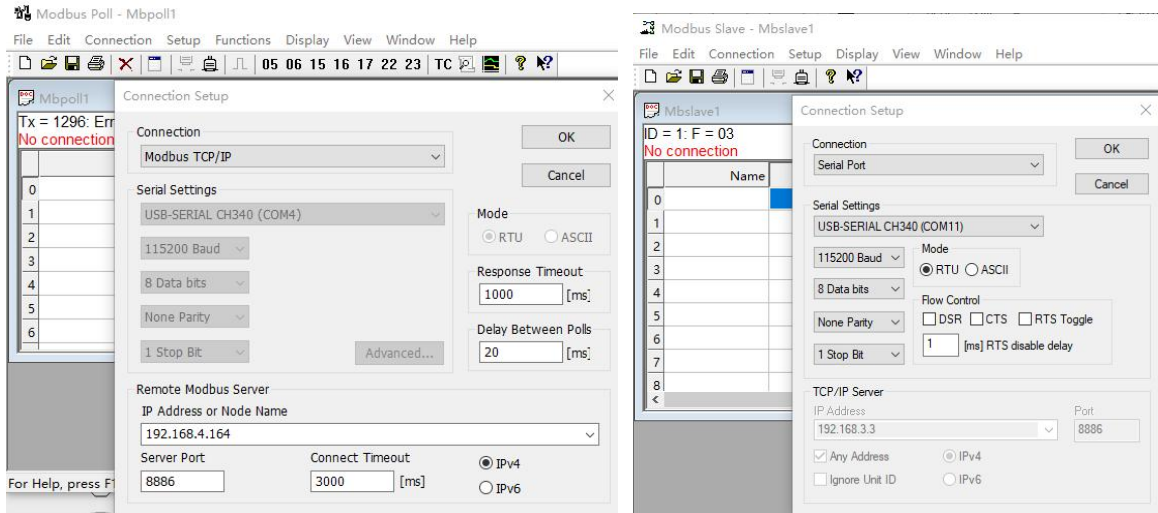
Upper computer/web page configuration:

网络参数	串口参数	高级参数	Modbus参数
<b>基本参数</b>			
IP地址类型	静态IP	SN码	Sxxxxxxxx
网页登录账号	admin	网页访问端口	80
网关	192.168.4.1	DNS	192.168.4.1
本地IP地址	192.168.4.164	本地端口	8886
网络工作模式	TCP 服务端	子网掩码	255.255.255.0
<b>串口设置</b>			
波特率	115200	数据位	8
校验位	NONE	停止位	1
流控	NONE		
<b>Modbus 参数</b>			
MODBUS网关	简单协议转化	TCP转RTU	开启
指令超时时间	1000毫秒	指令存储时间	10秒
轮询间隔时间	500毫秒		
预配置指令列表			
<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="添加"/> <input type="button" value="删除"/>			
<pre>1 01,03,00,00,00,0A</pre>			

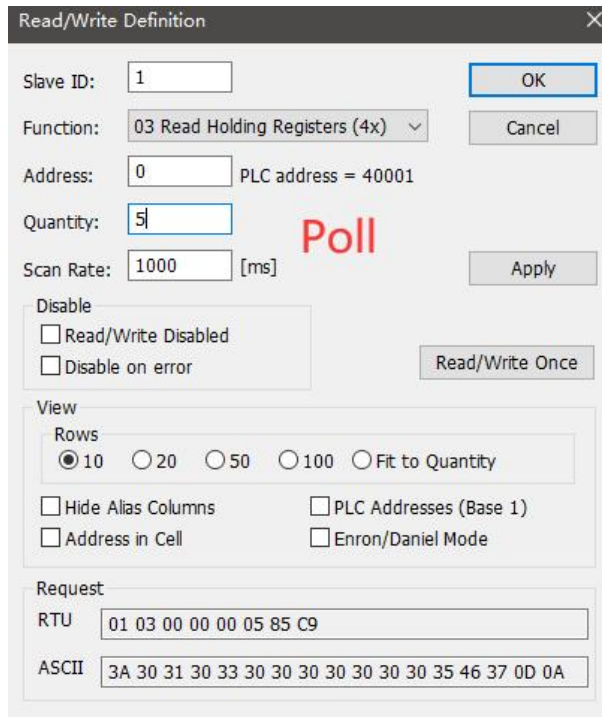
网络设置			
IP模式	静态	工作模式	TCP服务端
设备IP	192.168.4.164	设备端口	8886
子网掩码	255.255.255.0	网关	192.168.4.1
目的IP/域名	192.168.3.3	模块MAC	84-C2-E4-36-05-E7
		网页访问端口	80
		首选DNS	192.168.4.1
		目的端口	8888
串口设置			
波特率	115200	数据位	8
停止位	1	校验位	NONE
		流控	NONE
MODBUS网关功能			
MODBUS TCP转RTU	打开	Modbus 指令配置参数	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="添加"/> <input type="button" value="清空"/>
MODBUS 网关模式	简单协议转换	MODBUS	500
Modbus 指令超时时间	1000	轮询间隔时间	范围:0-65535ms
	范围:0-65535ms	Modbus 指令存储时间	范围:0-255s
指令格式: "XX XX XX XX XX XX" ;		剩余可配置指令	49
其中:"XX":2位16进制数,XX与"XX"之间加入一个空格		01 03 00 00 00 0A	<input type="button" value="X"/>
最多可配置50条指令			

Modbus Poll and Modbus Slave software debugging:  
Software connection settings:

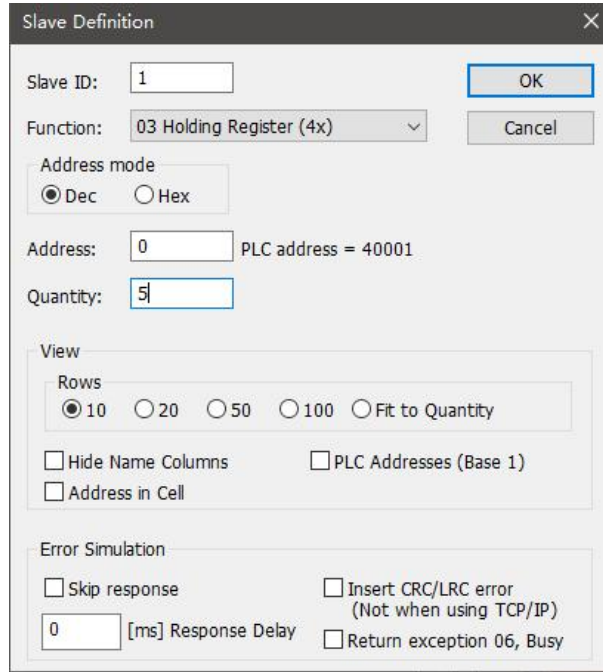




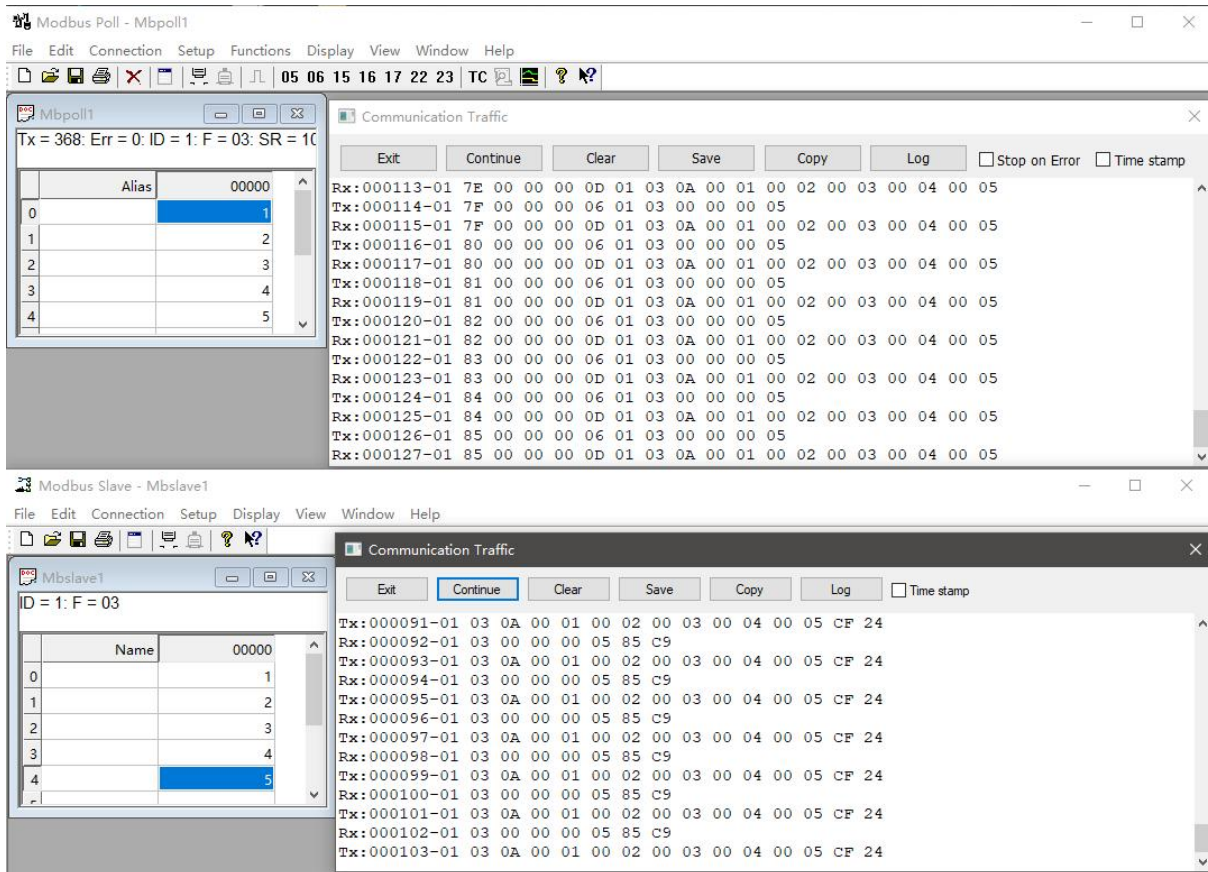
Software register reading and simulation configuration:  
Poll menu, select →Set up Read/Write Definition



Select Set up Slave Definition from the →Slave menu



### Communication demonstration:

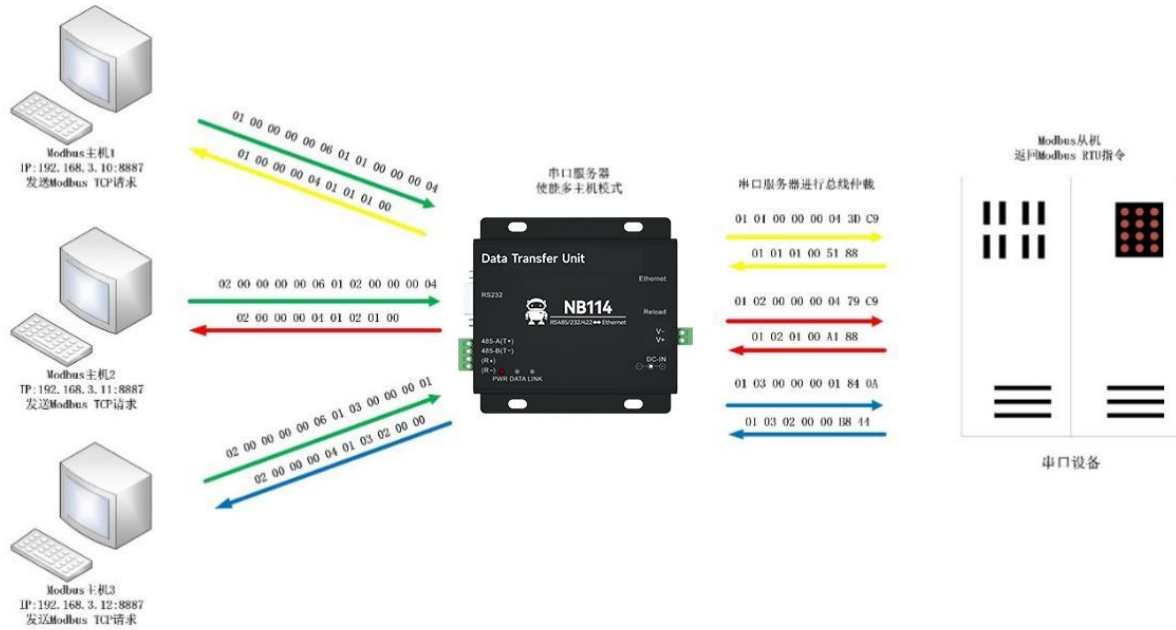


### 4.5.2. Multi-host mode

The multi-host mode can handle up to 6 Modbus TCP hosts. When multiple Modbus

hosts access the Modbus gateway at the same time, the bus occupation scheduling will be carried out (RS-485 bus can only process one request at a time, while the multi-host mode will sort and process according to the TCP request sequence, and other links will wait), so as to solve the bus conflict problem (currently only supports 6-host connection), and only supports working in the TCP server mode, The slave can only be on the serial port, otherwise it cannot work normally.

It is recommended to configure it as "simple protocol conversion" when there is no multi-channel host.



【注】此处以三路主机为例实际使用时最多可以连接6路主机

Upper computer/web page configuration:

网络参数	串口参数	高级参数	Modbus参数
<b>基本参数</b>			
IP地址类型	静态IP	SN码	Sxxxxxxxx
网页登录账号	admin	网页访问端口	80
网关	192.168.4 .1	DNS	192.168.4 .1
本地IP地址	192.168.4 .163	本地端口	8887
网络工作模式	TCP 服务端	子网掩码	255.255.255.0
<b>串口设置</b>			
波特率	115200	数据位	8
校验位	NONE	停止位	1
流控	NONE		

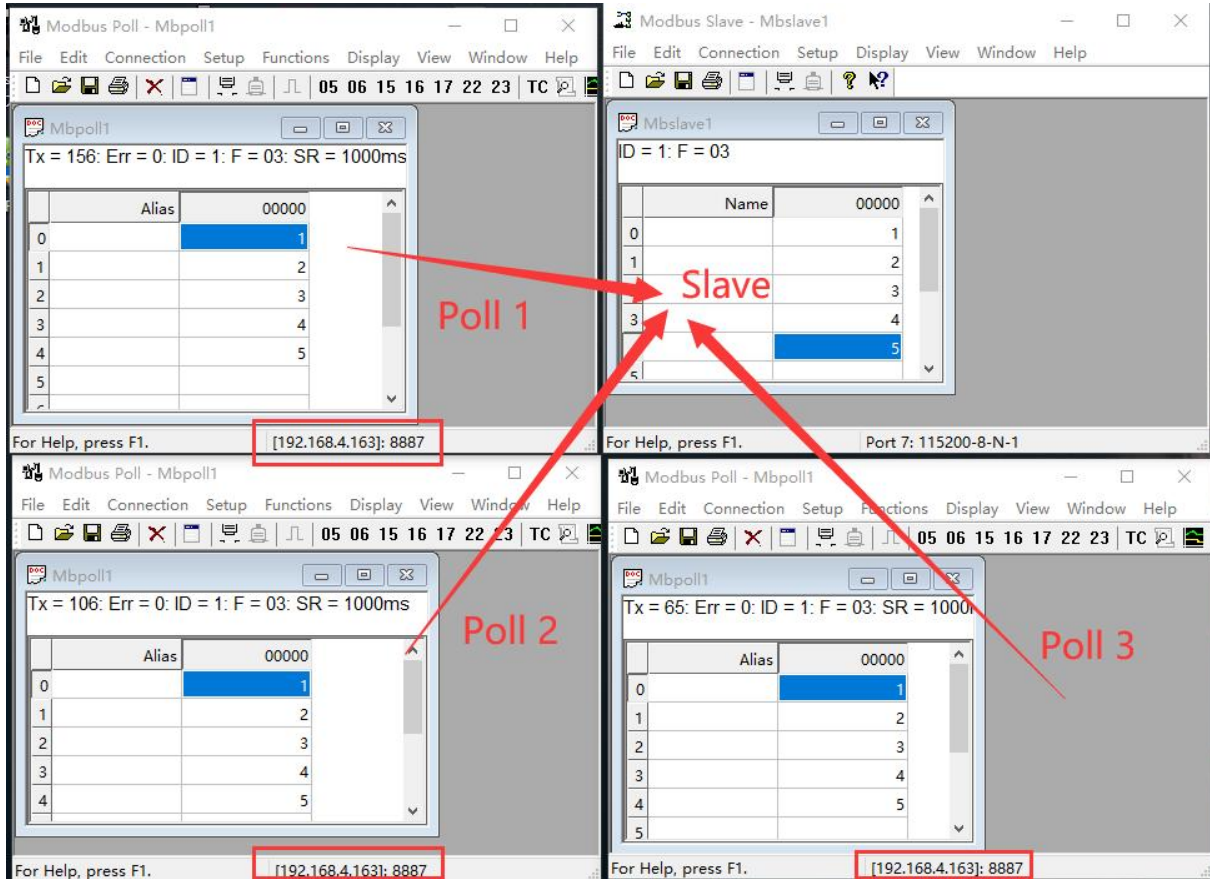
网络参数	串口参数	高级参数	Modbus参数
<b>Modbus 参数</b>			
MODBUS网关	多主机模式	TCP转RTU	开启
指令超时时间	1000毫秒	指令存储时间	10秒
轮询间隔时间	500毫秒		
<b>预配置指令列表</b>			
<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="添加"/> <input type="button" value="删除"/>			
<pre>1 01, 03, 00, 00, 00, 0A</pre>			

<b>网络设置</b>			
IP模式	静态	工作模式	TCP服务器
设备IP	192.168.4.163	设备端口	8887
子网掩码	255.255.255.0	网关	192.168.4.1
目的IP/域名	192.168.3.3	模块MAC	84-C2-E4-36-05-E7
		网页访问端口	80
		首选DNS	192.168.4.1
		目的端口	8888

<b>串口设置</b>			
波特率	115200	数据位	8
停止位	1	校验位	NONE
		流控	NONE

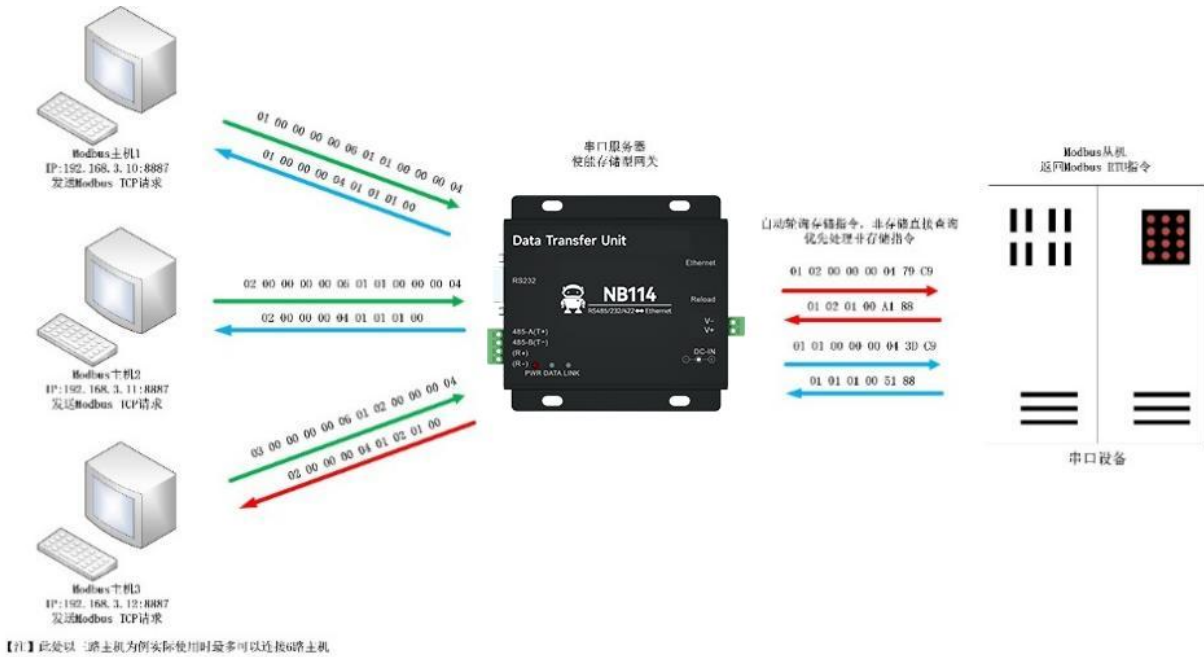
<b>MODBUS网关功能</b>			
MODBUS TCP转RTU	打开	Modbus 指令配置参数	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="添加"/> <input type="button" value="清空"/>
MODBUS 网关模式	多主机模式	MODBUS	500
Modbus 指令超时时间	1000	轮询间隔时间	范围:0-65535ms
		Modbus 指令存储时间	10
			范围:0-255s
		剩余可配置指令	49
		01 03 00 00 00 0A <input type="button" value="X"/>	
指令格式: "XX XX XX XX XX XX" ; 其中:"XX":2位16进制数,XX与"XX"之间加入一个空格 最多可配置50条指令			

Modbus Poll and Modbus Slave software debugging:  
 Refer to "Simple Protocol Conversion" for software configuration and register configuration.  
 Start multiple Modbus Poll software at the same time (for example, 3 channels can be supported up to 6 channels).



### 4.5.3.Storage gateway

The storage gateway not only arbitrates the bus data, but also stores the repeated read instructions. When different hosts request the same data, the gateway does not need to query the register status of RTU device many times, but directly returns the cached data in the storage area, which greatly improves the multi-host request processing capability of the gateway, and also reduces the time consumed by the entire request process. Users can customize the instruction polling interval and instruction storage time of the storage area according to their needs.



As the optimization of multi-host request performance, the storage gateway can only work in the TCP server mode, which improves the response speed on the network side. characteristic:

- (1) The gateway has a 5K cache for storing instructions and returned results (taking reading 10 holding registers as an example, 189 instructions and returned results can be stored);
- (2) RTU response timeout automatically clears the cache to ensure the real-time and authenticity of data;
- (3) The polling interval can be customized, 0-65535ms;
- (4) The gateway will poll the RTU device according to the instruction storage time used for configuration. If the MODBUS host does not query the instruction again during the storage time, the gateway will automatically delete the storage instruction and release the cache;
- (5) The first command and control command (05, 06, 0F, 10 function code) will directly access RTU equipment;
- (6) Only 01, 02, 03 and 04 Modbus function code query results can be stored;

Storage gateway host computer and web page configuration:

网络参数	串口参数	高级参数	Modbus参数
<b>基本参数</b>			
IP地址类型	静态IP	SN码	Sxxxxxxxx
网页登录账号	admin	网页访问端口	80
网关	192.168.4 .1	DNS	192.168.4 .1
本地IP地址	192.168.4 .163	本地端口	8887
网络工作模式	TCP 服务端	子网掩码	255.255.255.0

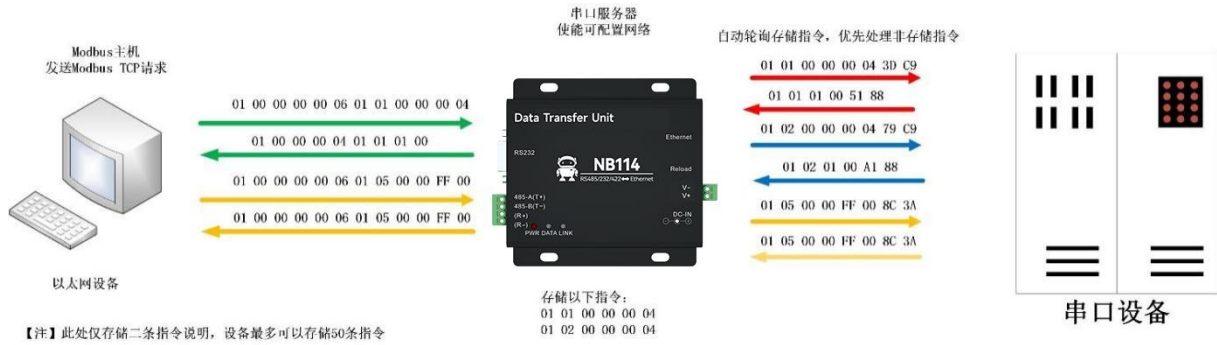
网络参数	串口参数	高级参数	Modbus参数
<b>串口设置</b>			
波特率	115200	数据位	8
校验位	NONE	停止位	1
流控	NONE		
网络参数	串口参数	高级参数	Modbus参数
<b>Modbus 参数</b>			
MODBUS网关	存储型网关	TCP转RTU	开启
指令超时时间	1000毫秒	指令存储时间	10秒
轮询间隔时间	500毫秒		
<b>预配置指令列表</b>			
<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="添加"/> <input type="button" value="删除"/>			
1 01, 03, 00, 00, 00, 0A			

网络设置			
IP模式	静态	工作模式	TCP服务器
设备IP	192.168.4.163	设备端口	8887
子网掩码	255.255.255.0	网关	192.168.4.1
目的IP/域名	192.168.3.3	模块MAC	84-C2-E4-36-05-E7
		网页访问端口	80
		首选DNS	192.168.4.1
		目的端口	8888
串口设置			
波特率	115200	数据位	8
停止位	1	校验位	NONE
		流控	NONE
MODBUS网关功能			
MODBUS TCP转RTU	打开	Modbus 指令配置参数	<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="添加"/> <input type="button" value="清空"/>
MODBUS 网关模式	存储型网关	MODBUS 500	剩余可配置指令 49
Modbus 1000	指令超时时间 范围:0-65535ms	轮询间隔时间 范围:0-65535ms	01 03 00 00 00 0A <input type="button" value="X"/>
		Modbus 10	
		指令存储时间 范围:0-255s	

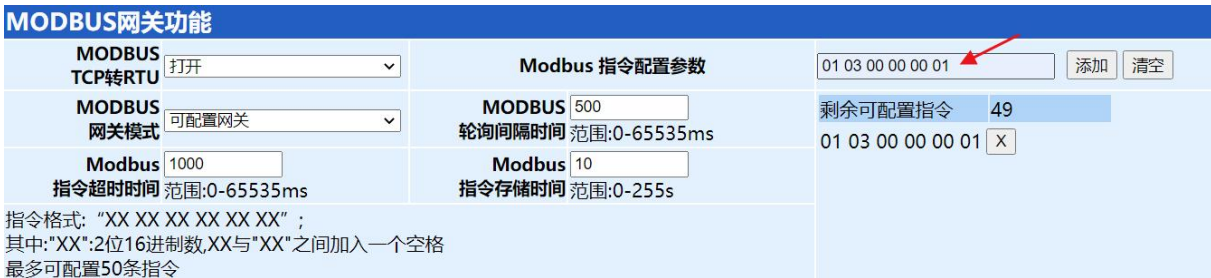
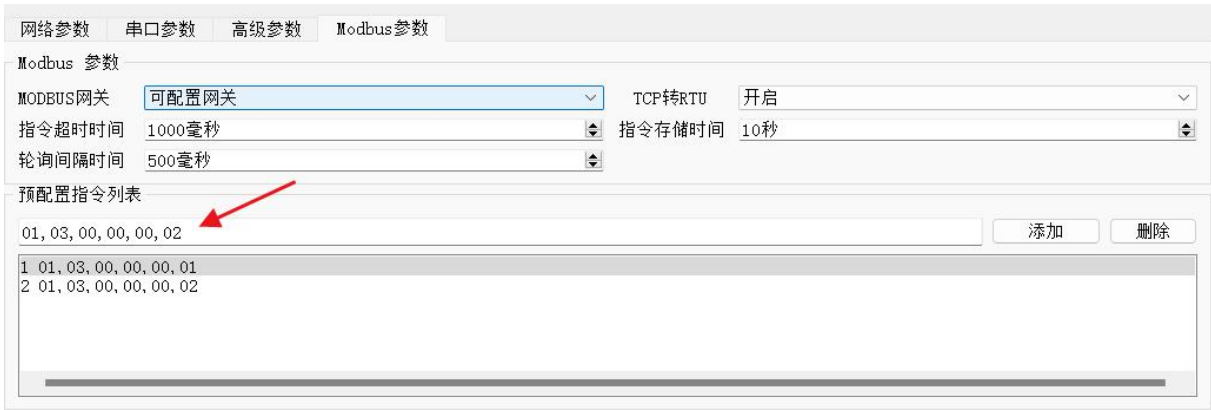
指令格式: "XX XX XX XX XX XX" ;  
 其中:"XX":2位16进制数,XX与"XX"之间加入一个空格  
 最多可配置50条指令

#### 4.5.4. Configurable gateway

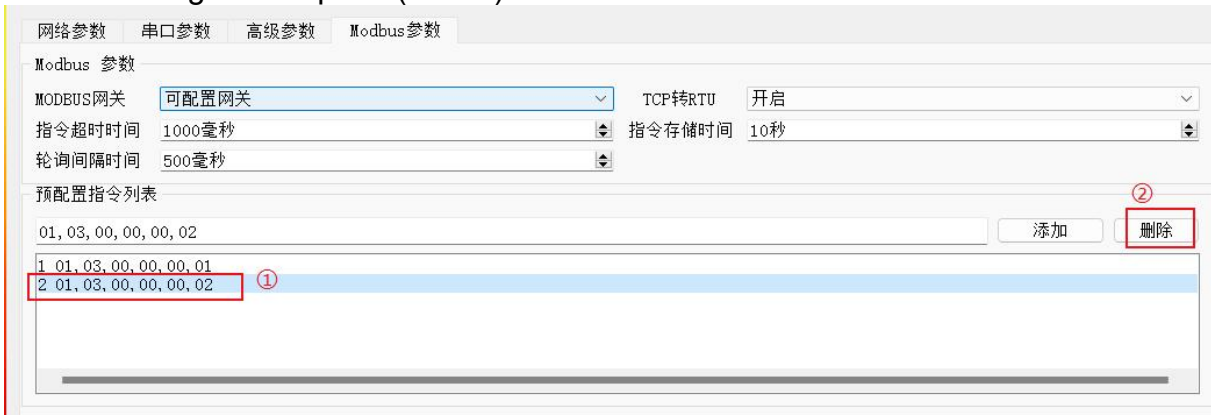
The gateway automatically polls the RTU device register according to the preconfigured MODBUS instruction (only supports the configuration of MODBUS read instruction), and the instruction in the non-storage table will directly operate the RTU device. The frequently read instructions can be stored in the gateway in advance to shorten the response time (query the configured instructions). Because of the above characteristics, the serial port side of the configurable gateway can only connect to the Modbus slave station.



Instruction storage description (add, instruction error and format error cannot be added):



Instruction storage description (delete):





**MODBUS网关功能**

MODBUS TCP转RTU <input type="checkbox"/>	Modbus 指令配置参数	<input type="text" value="01 03 00 00 00 01"/> <input type="button" value="添加"/> <input type="button" value="清空"/>
MODBUS 网关模式 <input type="checkbox"/>	MODBUS 500 轮询间隔时间 范围:0-65535ms	剩余可配置指令 49 01 03 00 00 00 01 <input type="button" value="X"/>
Modbus 1000 指令超时时间 范围:0-65535ms	Modbus 10 指令存储时间 范围:0-255s	

指令格式: "XX XX XX XX XX XX" ;  
其中:"XX":2位16进制数,XX与"XX"之间加入一个空格  
最多可配置50条指令

Upper computer/web page configuration:

网络参数 串口参数 高级参数 **Modbus参数**

Modbus 参数

MODBUS网关  TCP转RTU

指令超时时间 1000毫秒 指令存储时间 10秒

轮询间隔时间 500毫秒

预配置指令列表

1 01, 03, 00, 00, 00, 01  
2 01, 03, 00, 00, 00, 02

**MODBUS网关功能**

MODBUS TCP转RTU <input type="checkbox"/>	Modbus 指令配置参数	<input type="text" value="01 03 00 00 00 01"/> <input type="button" value="添加"/> <input type="button" value="清空"/>
MODBUS 网关模式 <input type="checkbox"/>	MODBUS 500 轮询间隔时间 范围:0-65535ms	剩余可配置指令 49 01 03 00 00 00 01 <input type="button" value="X"/>
Modbus 1000 指令超时时间 范围:0-65535ms	Modbus 10 指令存储时间 范围:0-255s	

指令格式: "XX XX XX XX XX XX" ;  
其中:"XX":2位16进制数,XX与"XX"之间加入一个空格  
最多可配置50条指令

### 4.5.5. Automatic upload

In the client mode (TCP client, UDP client, MQTT client, HTTP client), the gateway will automatically poll the instructions in the storage instruction table and upload them to the server. The feedback format (Modbus RTU format or Modbus TCP format) and the instruction polling interval (0-65535ms) can be selected according to the demand.

Refer to "Configurable Gateway - Instruction Storage Description" for instruction pre-storage, and automatically upload the upper computer/web page configuration:

网络参数	串口参数	高级参数	Modbus参数
<b>基本参数</b>			
IP地址类型	静态IP	SN码	Sxxxxxxxx
网页登录账号	admin	网页访问端口	80
网关	192.168.4.1	DNS	192.168.4.1
本地IP地址	192.168.4.163	本地端口	0
网络工作模式	TCP 客户端	子网掩码	255.255.255.0
目标IP/域名	192.168.4.100	目标端口	8886

网络参数	串口参数	高级参数	Modbus参数
<b>串口设置</b>			
波特率	115200	数据位	8
校验位	NONE	停止位	1
流控	NONE		

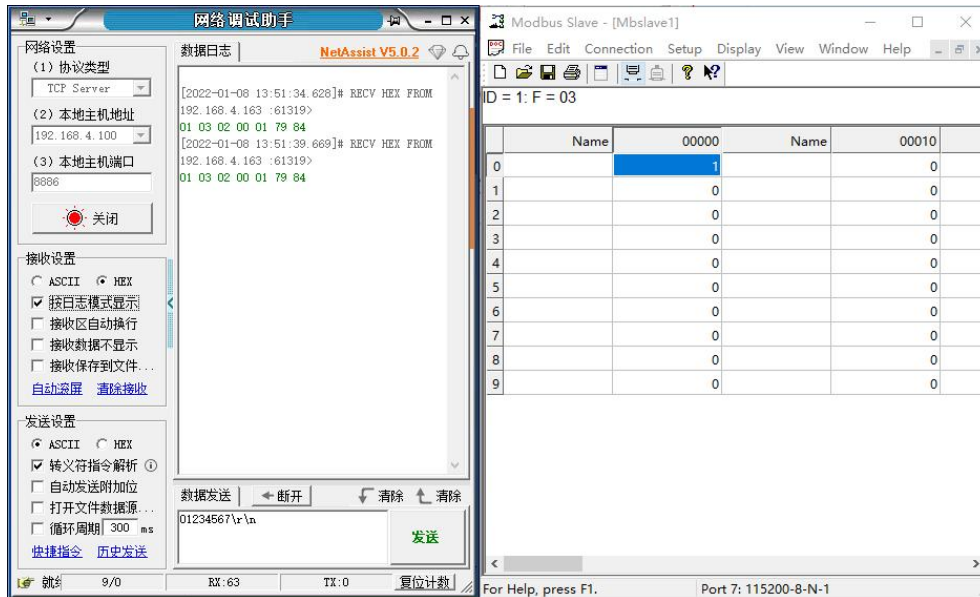
网络参数	串口参数	高级参数	Modbus参数		
<b>Modbus 参数</b>					
MODBUS网关	自动上传模式	TCP转RTU	关闭		
指令超时时间	1000毫秒	指令存储时间	10秒		
轮询间隔时间	5000毫秒				
<b>预配置指令列表</b>					
<input type="text"/> <input type="button" value="添加"/> <input type="button" value="删除"/>					
<table border="1"> <tr> <td>1</td> <td>01,03,00,00,00,01</td> </tr> </table>				1	01,03,00,00,00,01
1	01,03,00,00,00,01				

网络设置			
IP模式	静态	工作模式	TCP客户端
设备IP	192.168.4.163	设备端口	0
子网掩码	255.255.255.0	网关	192.168.4.1
目的IP/域名	192.168.4.100	模块MAC	84-C2-E4-36-05-E7
		网页访问端口	80
		首选DNS	192.168.4.1
		目的端口	8886

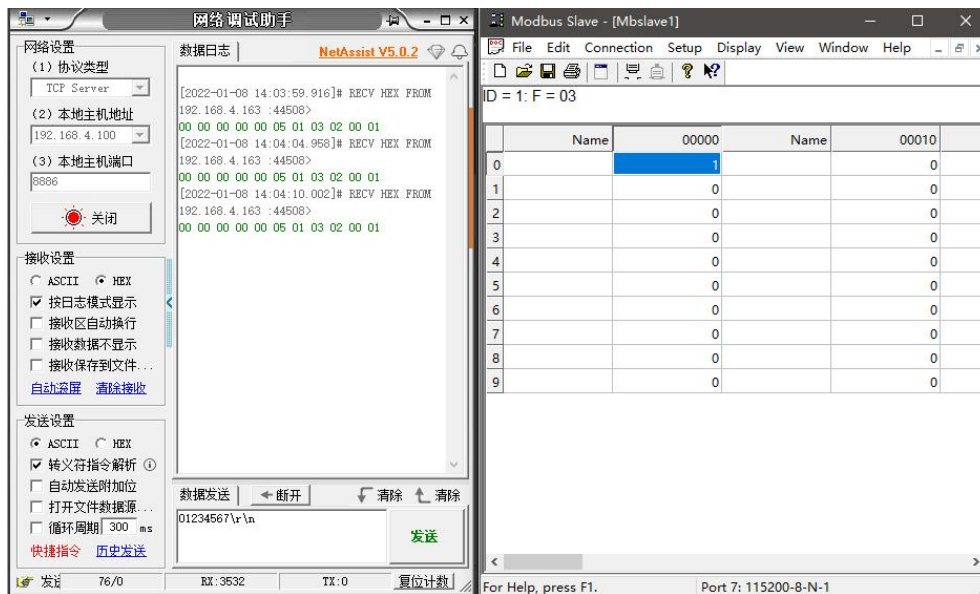
串口设置			
波特率	115200	数据位	8
停止位	1	校验位	NONE
		流控	NONE

MODBUS网关功能			
MODBUS TCP转RTU	关闭	Modbus 指令配置参数	01 03 00 00 00 01 <input type="button" value="添加"/> <input type="button" value="清空"/>
MODBUS 网关模式	自动上传	MODBUS 轮询间隔时间	5000 范围:0-65535ms
Modbus 指令超时时间	1000 范围:0-65535ms	Modbus 指令存储时间	10 范围:0-255s
指令格式: "XX XX XX XX XX XX" ; 其中:"XX":2位16进制数,XX与"XX"之间加入一个空格 最多可配置50条指令		剩余可配置指令 <b>49</b> 01 03 00 00 00 01 <input type="button" value="X"/>	

TCP client presentation (Modbus RTU format):



TCP client presentation (Modbus TCP format):



## 4.6. Introduction to basic functions

### 4.6.1. Web page configuration

The device has a built-in web server, which is convenient for users to set and query parameters through web pages.

Web server port can be customized (2-65535), default: 80

Operation mode (Microsoft Edge version 94.0.992.50 as an example, Google Kernel

Browser is recommended, IE Kernel Browser is not supported):

- Open the browser and enter the IP address of the device in the address bar. The default is 192.168.3.7 (the IP address and the computer need to be kept in the same network segment). Forget that the local IP address can be queried through the AT command and configuration software;



- Click Login, the default account is admin, and the default password is admin (entered, you can click Login directly);

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设备信息		
设备型号	设备SN码 S120074S	Language 中文
固件版本 9013-2-13	登录账号 admin	登录密码 *****
网络设置		
IP模式 静态	工作模式 TCP服务器	模块MAC B4-C2-E4-36-05-3A
设备IP 192.168.3.7	设备端口 8887	网页访问端口 80
子网掩码 255.255.255.0	网关 192.168.3.1	首选DNS 114.114.114.114
目的IP/域名 192.168.3.3		目的端口 8888
串口设置		
波特率 115200	数据位 8	校验位 NONE
停止位 1	流控 NONE	
MODBUS网关功能		
MODBUS TCP转RTU 关闭	Modbus 指令配置参数	添加 清空
MODBUS 网关模式 禁用	MODBUS 500	剩余可配置指令 49
Modbus 1000	轮询间隔时间 范围:0-65535ms	01 03 00 00 00 0A X
指令超时时间 范围:0-65535ms	Modbus 10	
指令存储时间 范围:0-255s		
指令格式: "XX XX XX XX XX XX" ; 其中:"XX":2位16进制数,XX与"XX"之间加入一个空格 最多可配置50条指令		

- The main interface pops up on the web page, where you can query and set relevant parameters;
- Click Submit to save the configuration parameters;
- The progress bar prompts the configuration progress. Do not refresh the web page again after the configuration is completed (refresh the web page and enter the configuration mode again. You can enter the communication mode by restarting the

device or submitting again).

## 数据提交中,请稍等...



### 4.6.2.Restore factory settings

Press the Reload pin of the device until the LED indicator lights up.

### 4.6.3.AT instruction configuration

The query and modification of the relevant parameters of the equipment can be completed through the AT command configuration. For specific AT instructions, please refer to "NA11x&NB114&NS1&NT1-AT Instruction Set".

### 4.6.4.Configuration tool software settings

Open the configuration tool software, search for the device, double-click the identified device, and the parameter query configuration interface will pop up. Relevant parameters can be customized and modified as required, and then the configuration can be saved, and the equipment can be restarted to complete the parameter modification.

[Note]:

Do not use multiple upper computers in the same LAN environment. The industrial control computer with multiple network cards should be temporarily disabled without using network cards, otherwise the upper computer will be abnormal (the same device will display multiple times, and the device cannot be found)

The upper computer shields the wireless network card, so the upper computer must be connected to the network cable. The wireless network card can be configured through the web page.

### 4.6.5. Random native port

TCP client, UDP client, HTTP client and MQTT client can configure the local port to 0 (use random local port). The server mode cannot use random port, otherwise the client cannot establish a connection correctly.

Using random port connection can quickly re-establish the connection when the device accidentally disconnects the server, to prevent the server from refusing the connection due to four incomplete waves. It is recommended to use random port in client mode.

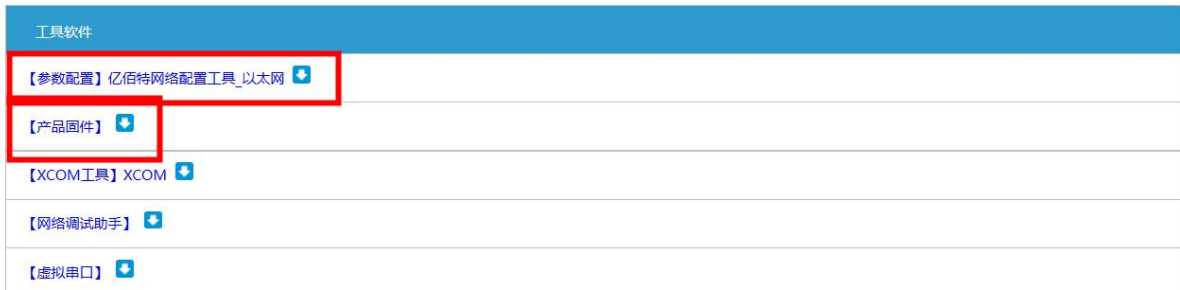
The device will automatically enable random ports when configuring TCP client, HTTP client and MQTT client modes.

### 4.6.6. Remote upgrade

In order to facilitate later maintenance and upgrade functions and replace different firmware, serial servers (NA11x series, NB114, NS1, NT1, etc.) support online upgrade. Users can upgrade or replace the current firmware through the upper computer through the upgrade firmware provided by our company.

#### Network upgrade firmware operation steps:

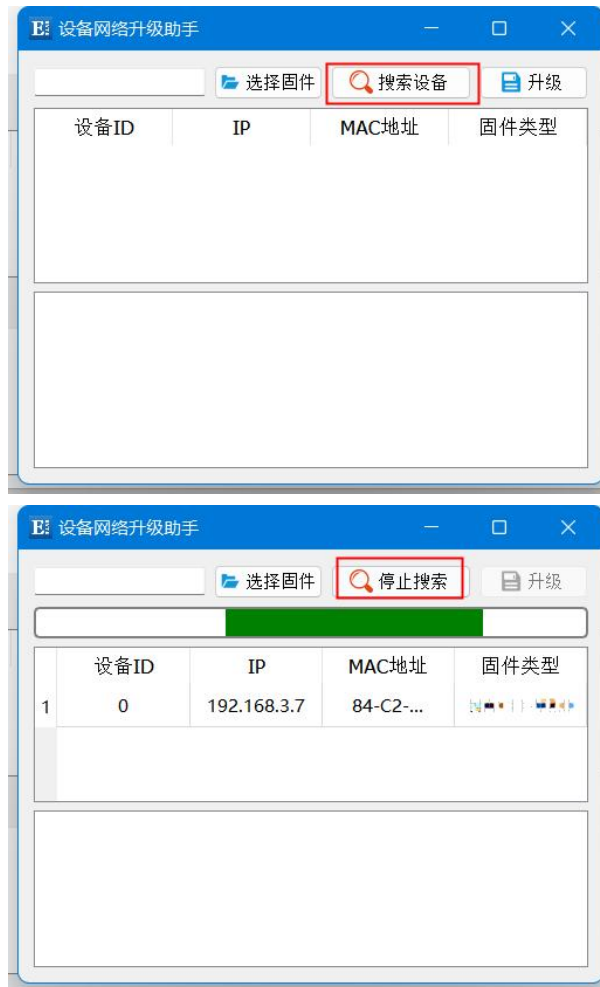
Step 1: download the upper computer and "product firmware" at the corresponding location on the official website;



Step 2: Open the upper computer, click "Menu", and select "Device Upgrade Assistant";

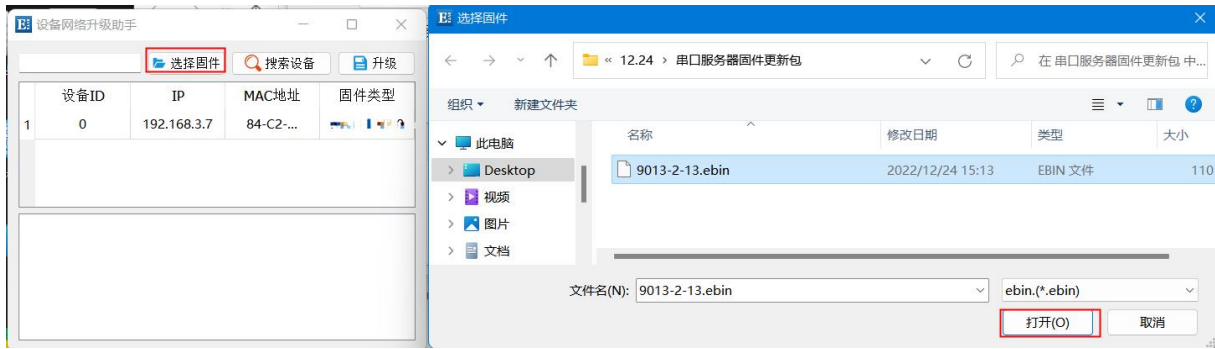


Step 3: In the pop-up "Device Network Upgrade Assistant" dialog box, click "Search Device" (the computer and device should be in the same network segment), and click "Stop Search" after finding the device;



Step 4: Click "Select Firmware", select the corresponding firmware, and then click

"Open";



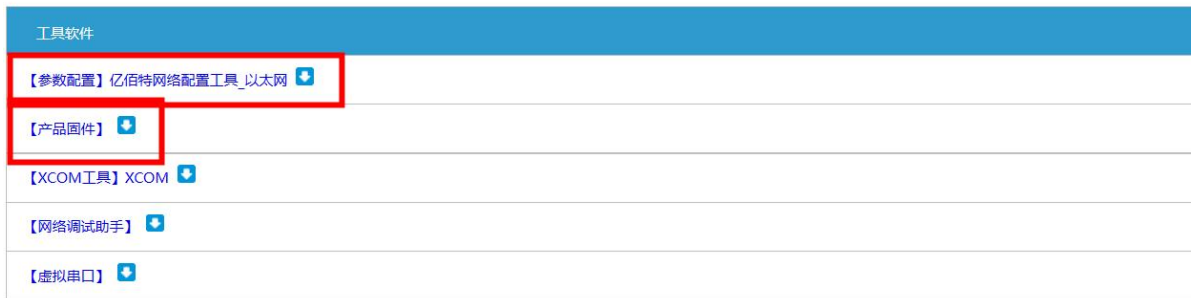
Step 5: Select the equipment to be upgraded, click "Upgrade", the progress bar will start to change, and wait for the upgrade to complete.



### Operating steps for serial port firmware upgrade:

Step 1: download the upper computer and "product firmware" at the corresponding location on the official website;





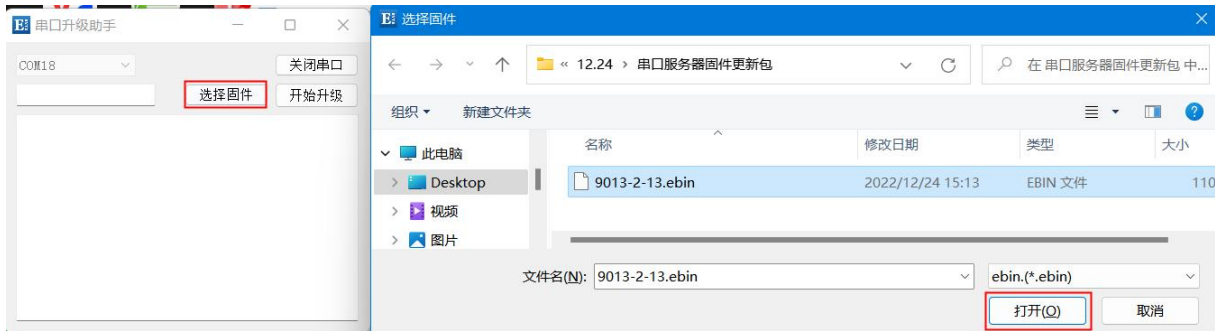
Step 2: Open the upper computer, click "Menu", and select "Serial port upgrade assistant";



Step 3: First connect the USB port of the computer, select the corresponding port number in the pop-up "Serial Port Upgrade Assistant" dialog box, and click "Open Serial Port";

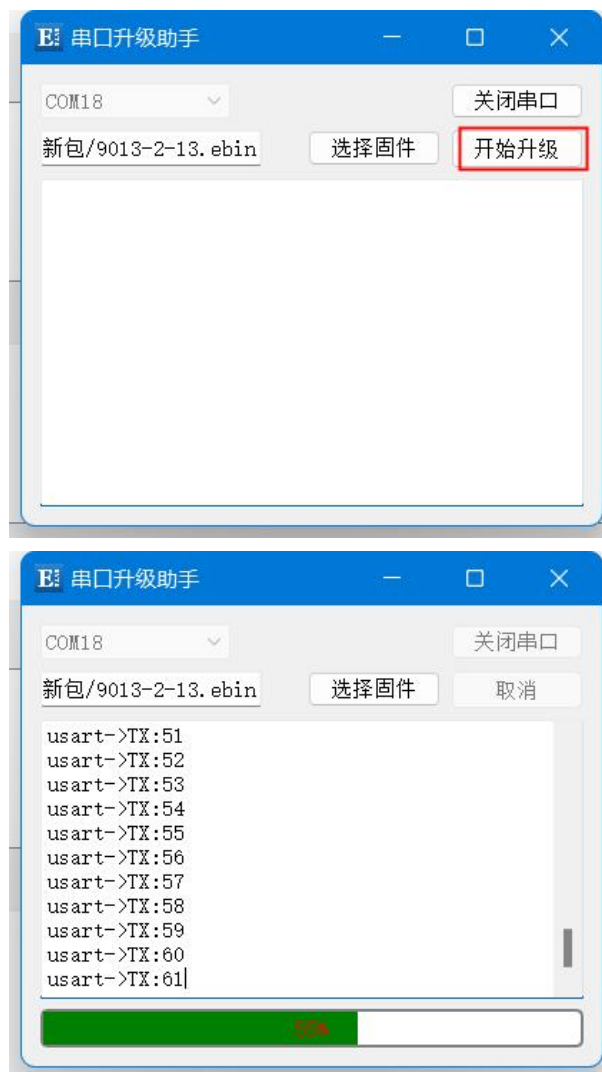


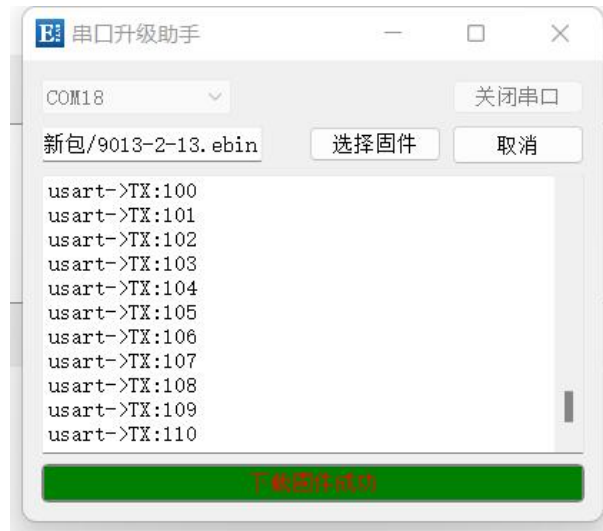
Step 4: Click "Select Firmware", select the corresponding firmware, and then click "Open";



Step 5: Click "Start upgrading", the progress bar will start to change, and wait for the upgrade to complete.

[Note] Power on again to trigger the upgrade.





The final interpretation right belongs to Chengdu Ebyte Electronic Technology Co., Ltd.

## Revision History

edition	Revision date	Revision description	Maintainer
1.0	2021-06-28	Initial version	LC
1.3	2021-10-22	Product upgrade and content revision	LC
1.4	2022-01-06	Adapt "9013-2-xx" firmware	LC
1.6	2022-12-26	Match "9013-2-13" firmware	LL

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